The Bombay Gazette

NEW SERIES. BOMBAY :—THURSDAY, JANUARY 19, 1882.

G.

O ORIENTAL
Y.

...T SAID, MALTA.
...ONDON, BRINDISI.
...SEILLE.

...owing or other
...will be despatched as

Captains.	1882.
...P. Giles.....	...13th Jan.
...Ashdown.....	...28th ,,
...J. Baker.....	...2nd Feb.
...Harding.....	...9th ,,
...H. Johnson..	...16th ,,
...A. B. Daniell..	...23rd ,,
...Bisset.....	...2nd March.
...W. Atkinson	...9th ,,
...G. Perrins..	...16th ,,
...J. Orman.....	...23rd ,,
...Dock head, at Mazagon.	...30th ,,

...N, SUEZ, PORTSAID,
...UTH, LONDON, DIRECT
...MARSEILLES, by steamers
...proceeded direct to Log
...the others Passengers
...ee for transit, Venice,
...eyed by Rail from Susa.

...l reduced rates as under
...of departure to that of

...ers, Via London.
...Both ways.
...Rs. 1,050
...Rs. 600

...Rs. 1,250
...Rs. 700

...ITS, CHINA, JAPAN,
...O, ADELAIDE, MEL-
...ALLING AT CEYLON.

...ampshire, 1882.
...For ... 27th Jan.
...A. Seaton ... 10th Feb.
...Dellorme ... 24th ,,

...l	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
...C. Mel...	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...(in all)	900	600	300
...	450	300	75
...ch do.	450	300	225

...steamers at Galle.
...Dock head, at Mazagon,

...D. PARKER,
...P. & O. S. N. Company.

...S. ROME, 5,000 tons,
...Co. will leave Bombay for
...on January and 13th April,

...D. PARKER,
...Superintendent P. & O. S. N. Co.

...COMPANY.

...RETURN TICKETS

...OF TIME.

...ration of Quarantine in
...ration of these tickets will
...of time on the voyage to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent.

...AM NAVIGATION
...ANY.

...Regular Mail-steamers,
...Contract with Italian Gov-
...leave

...and BOMBAY
...on the 1st
...each month, calling at

...SINA, CATANIA, PORT
...SAID and not after
...ES FROM BOMBAY

To MARSEILLES.	
1 Class.....	...Rs.
2 Class.....	...Rs.
Deck.....	...Rs.

...Through Tickets at the rate of
...half fare.
...Luggage will be delivered in LON-
...DON FREE to the extent allowed in the
...Ship's Agreement with Passengers for
...which they are charged for at
...the Agent.
...Steamers will leave

...A, on Wednesday, the 1st February, 1882.
...A, on Wednesday, the 1st March, 1882.

...Cabins on board. Passengers are carried on board,
...daily, in steam launches, leaving
...at 11 a.m.
...Through Tickets to London, available for

...Route.	R.	Brighton Route	R.
...	70	do.	56
...	145	do.	103
...	105	do.	98

...for information, rates of Freight, &c.,

F. BOZZONI,
...Subartino S. N. Company,
...Office, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay,
...May 3, 1881.

...UNGARIAN LLOYDS' STEAM
...AVIGATION COMPANY.

REGULAR LINE OF STEAMERS
BETWEEN BOMBAY AND
TRIESTE VIA CANAL.

THE following Steamers will be despatched from Bombay to Trieste:—

	Captain.	Tons	HP.	To sail
...C.	Lenzerich	2,000	400	20th Jan.
...G.	Sturli	1,982	400	8th Mar.
...C.	Dierich	1,927	400	8th April
...S.G.	Marussig	2,394	450	8th May.

...assage-money (exclusive of Wines and
...can be had on board at moderate ...

...	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
...	Rs. 400	Rs. 280	Rs. 140
...	370	236	143
Sind ...	320	205	131
...	300	240	122
...	170	130	66

...M TO HONGKONG VIA COLOMBO,
...PENANG, AND SINGAPORE.

...E Co.'s S. S. DAPHNE, Captain
...Donovan, 1,827 tons, 400-horse power, to sail on
...February, 1882.
...Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the
...before to sailing.
...RANCES effected by the General Insurance
...Marine Branch.
...further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., &c.,

J. JANNI, Agent.
...m House, 7, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, January
...1.

...ALL LINE OF STEAMERS
...BOMBAY AND LIVERPOOL
...CALLING AT MALTA.

THE following sailings have been arranged:—

	Captain	Tons. H. P.	1882.
...MORE	...Verrill	2,300 300	...4th Feby.
...HALL	...Collis	2,700 400	...22nd ,,
...TAL	...O. Lloyd	2,700 400	...18th Mar.
...AL	...W. Brand	2,700 400	...1st April.

...FARE TO LIVERPOOL, Rs. 300.

...Terms can be made for passengers leaving during
...November and returning March to July.
...These steamers have been specially built and adapt-
...ed the Bombay Trade.
...Plans can be seen at SUMSON and STEWARDSON'S,
...Agents, where books of information, and any further
...can be had.

EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Agents.
...Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 13th January, 1882.

...Cargo is carried via Liverpool on favourable
...through Bill of lading to London, Havre, Ham-
...burg, Antwerp, Ghent, Amsterdam, Rotterdam,
...New York, Boston, and Philadelphia.
...Shipment of packages from upcountry by this line
...can be undertaken.

...HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

A STEAMER TO SAIL EARLY IN APRIL.
...MBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.
PASSAGE MONEY, Rs. 300.

THE splendid new steel-built Screw-steamer MARION HALL, 1,600 Tons, will be despatched as above, and afterwards take her place on the ...ccommodation has been specially ...the recent improvements or the comfort ...passengers and is unsurpassed. ...will be advertised hereafter. ...er particulars apply to

EDWARD BATES & Co.,
Agents.
...ncome Circle, Bombay, Jan. 11, 1882.

...COOK'S NEW SYSTEM
...OF INTERNATIONAL TRAVEL-
...LING TICKETS, available for one or
...more passengers by any route from all
...stations in India to EGYPT, PALESTINE,
...SYRIA, GREECE, GREAT BRITAIN, AUSTRIA
...AND CHINA, JAPAN, AMERICA,
...PARTS of the GLOBE.
...Arrangements for travelling through India are
...under special authority of the Government of India and
...the Secretary of State for India, and are intended exclu-
...sively for Educational Travellers.
...Also to accredited agents of the Italian Government
...on Immigration. Thos. COOK & Son have succeed-
...ed in ... these ... TICKETS ...

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED),
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. CHANDA, 2,022 Tons, on WEDNESDAY, 25th January, 1882, at 4 p.m., calling at Ratnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Calicut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Negapatam, Pondicherry, Madras, Coconada, Visagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. BURMAH, 1,080 Tons, on TUESDAY, 28th January, 1882 at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein, Bushire, Fao, and Muscat, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR CUTCH MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. COCONADA, 862 Tons, on FRIDAY, 20th January, 1882, at 11 a.m.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE, INHAMBANE, QUILIMANE, AND DELAGOA BAY.

THE S. S. MECCA, 1,450 Tons, on THURSDAY, 9th February, 1882.

N.B.—EXPORTS.—To save shippers the trouble of clearing and shipping, shipments not exceeding five tons will be received, and Bills of Lading granted in exchange at the Offices of the undersigned.

Railway receipts for packages from up-country should be forwarded to the undersigned, who will undertake clearance and shipment.

IMPORTS.—The undersigned undertake the landing, clearing and delivery in Bombay or forwarding by rail or steamer packages by the Company's Steamers. Bills of Lading and particulars of contents and value should accompany for warding instructions.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Agents.
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 18th January, 1882.

S. S. SICILY,
TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT,

WILL sail on FRIDAY next, the 20th instant. Passages on reasonable terms. Apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

GRINDLAY, GROOM, AND Co., BOMBAY,
GRINDLAY AND Co., CALCUTTA,

BOOK PASSAGES by P. & O. and all other Steamers without charge for Commission.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOW READY,
BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY*, prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe, contains, in addition to all the News of the Week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

Annual Subscription (in advance) Rs. 12
Single Copy ..... Annas 4
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Rampart Row, Fort.

NOW READY,
THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and SUMMARY OF TRADE.

Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.

The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay, up to Late as per Ships' Manifests, with the Total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878 respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports of Piece Goods and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with Total for the month and the same period as far back as
Share list and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.
Charters and Engagements.

Annual Subscription in advance... Rs. 10
Single Copy ..... Annas 4
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Rampart Row, Fort.

ASBESTOS MATERIALS.

ASBESTOS ROOFING and LIQUID PAINTS are the purest, finest, and most durable Paints ever made for structural purposes. Those paints have been adopted by the U. S. Government, and are in use all over the world.

Asbestos roofing proof coating, at Rs. 13 per 100 square feet with fire.

Asbestos Brown roof paint		Rs. 3-4 per gallon.
,, Gray, Slate, Buff, Yellow and Red roof paints, ...	...	4-0 ,,
,, Mill Board ...	...	0-14 as. per lbs.
,, Rope packing ...	...	1-12 ,, ,,
,, Wick ...	...	2-0 ,, ,,

WARDEN & Co.,
Agents for R. W. Johns, Manf. Co., Newyork.
35, Meadow street, Fort.

GOLF KIT.

BALLS.	PLAY CLUB.
CLEEKS.	PUTTERS.
IRONS.	SPOONS.

Detailed Price Lists free on Application.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER & CO.'S
SUPERFINE VIOLET POWDER.

A combination of Farinaceous and Vegetable Ingredients, scented with agreeable and attractive Perfumes.

IT is perfectly innocuous to the most delicate skin, well adapted as an absorbent Powder for TOILET AND NURSERY USE IN INDIA, and guaranteed to be

Free from Arsenic or other injurious matter.

	Cash.	Credit.
Small size Tins ...	Rs. 0 10	0 12
Double-size Tins ...	,, 1 0	1 2

TREACHER and COMPANY, Ld.,
Pharmacists and Dispensing Chemists.

REAL AMERICAN
"SQUEEZER" PLAYING CARDS.

Best quality, of the strongest material, and being highly finished on both sides, they slip readily when handled.

An important feature is that by reference to the "INDICATORS" in the corners all chance of making a mistake in the hand is avoided, as each "Indicators" show the Suit and Size. This allows of the hand being compressed into a very small space, and hence the name "SQUEEZERS." The "Indicators" are in addition to the ordinary pips made to run both ways.

	Cash.	Credit.
"Squeezers" with round corner ... per pack	Re. 1 12	Re. 2 0
,, ,, ... doz. packs	19 0	21 0
,, gilt edged ... per pack	2 0	2 4
,, ,, ... doz. packs	22 8	25 0

CONSIGNMENT JUST UNPACKED BY
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TRICHINOPOLY CHEROOTS
AND CIGARS,

PREPARED expressly for TREACHER & Co., Limited, from finest, selected and thoroughly matured Tobacco, and acknowledged to be the cheapest and best Smokes procurable.

	Cash prices. Rs. as.
NOBLE'S Cheroot shape, without straw box of 100	1 12
,, ,, 250	4 0
DAWSON'S Cheroot shape, with straw ... ,, 100	1 12
,, ,, 250	4 0
THOMSON'S, Cheroot shape, with straw ... ,, 100	1 12
,, ,, 250	4 0
DINDIGUL'S Cheroot shape, with straw ... ,, 100	2 0
,, ,, 250	4 8
HAVANNAHS Cigar shape ... ,, 100	2 0
,, ,, 250	4 8
TREACHER'S GEM MUSTER, Cigar shape ... ,, 100	2 0
TREACHER'S MUSTER, slightly barrel shaped ... ,, 100	2 0
,, ,, 250	5 4
CLUB MUSTER Cheroot and Cigar shape ,, 100	2 8

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

NOW READY.
AGRICULTURAL BANKS FOR INDIA.
BY

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

QUARANTINE NOTICE.

QUARANTINE is now STRICTLY ENFORCED at all EGYPTIAN, ITALIAN, and FRENCH ports. By the fortnightly Steamers marked L in our advertisement, passengers can only proceed to MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH or LONDON; but by the others which go through the Canal to Ajrvandria leaving that port with the following Mail, passengers can be booked to VENICE; as the three days Italian quarantine commences from the moment of reaching Brindisi, and expires a few hours after arrival of the Steamer at Venice.

The Steamers are due at Venice every MONDAY at 6 a. m. at Plymouth, TUESDAY, 9 a. m., and London WEDNESDAY, 2 p. m.

For further particulars apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. and O. Company.
Bombay, 18th January, 1882.

N. B.—Malta and Gibraltar are now free from Quarantine.

VALENTINES! VALENTINES!
COMIC AND SENTIMENTAL.
A LARGE AND CHOICEST SELECTION
AT
COOPER AND CO.,
MEADOW STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

MELLIN'S FOOD
FOR
INFANTS AND INVALIDS.
A GENUINE SUBSTITUTE FOR MOTHER'S MILK.

Small Bottles.....Re. 1 0 net.
Large Bottles.....Re. 1 12 ,,

MAY BE HAD FROM
THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
5, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

ENGLISH REGIMENTAL BLANKETS FOR SALE, of dark, brownish grey colour, size 75 by 56, weighing fully 3½ lbs. Price, Rs. 2-12 each. Suitable for Schools, Institutions, &c. When a quantity is taken a reduction in price will be made.

WM. WATSON & Co.
28, Apollo Street.

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Commissary of Ordnance, Bombay Arsenal, up to 16th February, 1882, for the SUPPLY of MISCELLANEOUS and other STORES (more or less) to the Bombay Arsenal, from 1st April, 1882, up to the 31st March, 1883.

II.—Printed forms of "Lists or Schedules" of the Stores (more or less) for the supply of which tenders are invited, and the form of contract (leet) which in the event of a tender being accepted, must be signed and sealed by the contractors, affixing on it a stamp of the value of eight annas, are procurable at this office daily (Sundays and holidays excepted).

III.—Tenders will only be received on these printed forms, two of which are procurable on application at this office for three rupees.

IV.—Tenders will be opened at this office at 12 o'clock noon on THURSDAY, the 16th February, 1882. Parties tendering are invited to attend.

V.—All other particulars obtainable from the undersigned.

E. A. JOHNSON, Captain, R.A.,
Commissary of Ordnance
Bombay Arsenal, 18th January, 1882.

AMRITSAR AND PATHANKOT PROVINCIAL RAILWAY.

CALL FOR TENDERS.

THE Chief Engineer, Public Works Department, Punjab, is prepared to receive TENDERS for the execution of the various works on the above Railway in the following sections:—

1st Section..... Amritsar to Batala
2nd Section..... Batala to Gurdaspur.
3rd Section..... Gurdaspur to Pathankot.

The statements of quantities, conditions of contract and all other particulars can be obtained on application at the Public Works, Secretariat, Lahore, on payment of a fee of one rupee.

Tenders should be signed, sealed and deposited at the above office, before the 15th February next. Earnest money to the extent of Rs. 1,000 must accompany each tender, which amount will be returned in case of non-acceptance. The Chief Engineer does not bind himself to accept any tender.

CHARLES POLLARD, Major General, R.E.,
Secretary to Government, Punjab P.W.D.

THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE,

A MONTHLY PUBLICATION containing time, and fare tables of the Railway Companies, Steam-boats and Dak companies, the routes between the principal Indian towns, tables of through-routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and abroad, short descriptive notices of all places of interest, the bill sanitaria, &c. With a new coloured map of India, showing every Railway station on the Indian lines. Price eight annas. Indian postage one anna. Published on the first of every month at the *Bombay Gazette* office.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Rs. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this scale.

WAVERLEY BILLIARD ROOMS.—A four handed match will be played THIS EVENING. Play at 9 p.m.

FORT.—FACING WEST, furnished or unfurnished room with Board, suitable for one or two bachelors. Address X.Y.Z., *Bombay Gazette* Office.

PONY-CART, with strong roan Deccan Pony, harness, &c., complete, FOR SALE. Price Rs. 300. Apply to J. F. care of this paper.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY, English-built landau, broughams and glass-sided phaetons. Apply to J. BHASANLA & Co., Kalbadevie.

FOR SALE, at Jaffer Sullimun's Bazaar, a grey Arabian GELDING, late the property of General Warre, C. B., perfectly broken to all arms and exceptionally quiet up to any weight.

WANTED, a black HORSE, 5 or 6 years old, 17 hands high, sound, fast and showy in single and double harness. Apply to FRAMJEE COYAJEE MARKUR, Cumbala Hill, Bombay.

WANTED AT ONCE, a RESPECTABLE ENGLISH BARMAID for a first class establishment. No objection if inexperienced in Hotel business. Must be young, good looking and attractive. A LIBERAL SALARY will be given to a suitable person, with BOARD and LODGING. She would be well treated and her duties not excessive. All applications received in strict confidence. Apply by letter only, in the first place giving full particulars, to T. S. B., office of this paper.

THE HAIR CUTTING SALOON managed by J. MANOLESCU, No. 3 Meadow-street, Fort.

FOR SALE, a well bred arab HORSE, suitable for Dog-cart or Victoria, and a first-rate Lady's horse. "S." *Bombay Gazette*.

MRS. COULTER, MIDWIFE and LADIES' NURSE. Excellent testimonials on application, Apollo Bunder, Bombay.

FOR SALE, a few sets of second-hand Billiards, Pool and Pyramid BALLS, nearly as good as new, at half the price. JOHN ROBERTS & Co., Bombay.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMPAY DIRECTORY for 1882. Price, Rs. 5; with postage, Rs. 5-4. To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

MAHABLESHWAR READY-LAID DAK. Comfortable Phaetons and Tongas can be had from Framjee Addeseer, Mail Contractor, Civil Lines, Poona at a very moderate rate.

WANTED, up-country, a native WATCH-MAKER, who thoroughly understands repairs of watches and clocks. Good salary given. Address P B., care of *Bombay Gazette*.

THE GENUINE SINGER stands at the head because it is the best to buy; the best to sell: imitated by all, equalled by none. Buy only of the SINGER MANUFACTURING Co., 2, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

THERE is a VACANCY for an OVERSEER on the Temporary Establishment of the Executive Engineer's Office, Tanna. Pay, Rs. 75. Applications should reach the Executive Engineer not later than 20th instant.

FOR SALE, Griffin's Sparkling PALE ALE. Rs. 6 per dozen quarts and Rs. 4 per doz. pints. Large discount allowed to Messes and Clubs. Apply to RUTTONJEE HOMONJEE and Co., 1, Forbes-street, Fort.

WANTED, Employment as Corresponding Clerk, Storekeeper, or Superintendent of out-door works in Bombay or Mofussil. Eight years experience in India and China. Good certificate. Apply A.B., *Bombay Gazette*.

FOR SALE, A COLLECTION OF LEGISLATIVE ACTS, comprising Sea Customs Act, Customs Tariff Act, Indian Arms Act, The Opium Act, ... Bombay Salt Act, The Salt Act, The Stamp Act, The Indian Port Act, The Native Passenger Ships Act, The Abkari Act, Periodical Survey of Steam Vessels Act, The Steam Vessel Survey Amendment Act, and the Bombay Fort Trust Act. Price, Rs. 5, interleaved, Rs. 6-8.—Apply at the *Bombay Gazette* office.

TREACHER AND COMPANY'S:
BURGUNDIES AND SAUTERNES.

CASH. Per doz. Quarts. Rs.	as.			CASH Per doz Pints. Rs.	as.
18	0	...Still	... BURGUNDY	...Chablis... 10	0
			A favourite White Dinner Wine		
19	0	...Still	... BURGUNDY	...Beaune... 10	8
			A fine red full-bodied Wine.		
23	0	...Still	... BURGUNDY	Macon ... 12	8
			Distinguished for flavour and aroma.		
23	0	...Still	... BURGUNDY	Pommard... 12	8
			This Wine is of fine character and in excellent condition.		
30	0	...Still	... BURGUNDY	Chambertin. 16	8
			This is an exquisite Wine possessed of every charm for which the finest Burgundies are famous.		
19	0	...Fine	... SAUTERNE	...Barsac ... 10	8
			A good light refreshing Wine.		
23	8	...Superior	... SAUTERNE ...from the Bordeaux District.	13	0
			Fine mellow flavour with good aroma.		
31	8	...Haut	... SAUTERNE ... Very rich and fine ...	17	0
			Old in bottle, renowned for its aroma and fine body.		

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

NEW DRESS HATS.

Best Silk Plush, Extra Quality	...Rs. 14 0 and 16 0
Tall Drab Fine Beaver Felt	... ,, 12 8

The above are lined and finished in the best style, with Calf Leathers.

CASH DISCOUNT—Two Annas in the Rupee.

HOAR & CO., 3 Rampart-Row. BOMBAY.

WATSON AND COMPANY,

ESPLANADE HOTEL, BOMBAY.

HATS, HATS, Manufacturers of Helmets, Hats, and Tweed Hats of all descriptions.

HELMETS, HELMETS, CAPS, CAPS.

A large assortment of all the Best Helmets in Felt, Pith, and Cork from Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 22.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF PUGREES
from Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 10-8.
10 per cent. discount for cash.

WATSON & COMPANY,
ESPLANADE HOTEL,
BOMBAY.

RICHARDSON AND CRUDDAS,
BYCULLA IRON WORKS AND METAL MART
BRANCH ESTABLISHMENT, NESBIT-ROAD.

WE are AGENTS for the following well-known firms, and have always on hand a stock of their Specialities, which we can offer at exceptional prices.

Articles not in stock imported from England in 6 weeks to 2 months from date of order.

For Prices, &c., see Catalogue and Monthly Price Lists.

AVELING & PORTER	...Steam Road Rollers.
"BOOMER" PRESSES	...For Cotton, Oil, Hides, &c.
BULL'S	...Patent Dredgers and Brick Kilns.
CLAYTON & SHUTTLEWORTH,	Portable Engines, Agricultural Machinery, &c.
CROWLEY & CO.	...Patent Sanitary Carts.
DAVIS & PRIMROSE	...Steam Hammers, Punching Machines, &c.
EDINGTON & SONS, T.	...Iron Pipe Manufacturers.
ENTWISTLE & KENYON	...Sudden Grip Vices.
FRENCH ASPHALTE CO. LD.	...Makers of Seyssel's Asphalte.
GWYNNE, J. & H.	..."Invincible" Centrifugal Pumps.
GRESHAM & CRAVENS	...Gifford's Injectors.
HODGSON & STEAD, LD.	...Weighing Machines, &c.
HOWARD'S	...Patent Roof Ventilators.
LEE & SONS'	...Celebrated Portland Cement.
MOIR CRANE & CO.,	...Patent Lubricating Oils for Cylinders, Valves, Spindles, &c.
MORTON & CO. (LD.) FRANCIS,	Wire Fencing Ornamental Gates, &c.
PROCTOR & WALLIS'	...Patent Wrought Iron Pulleys.
RANSOME & CO. A.	...Wood Working Machinery.
SILICATE PAINT CO.	...Silicate Charlton Paints, Enamels, &c.
WILSON & CO., ALEX.	...Launch Engines, &c.

RICHARDSON AND CRUDDAS,
BYCULLA IRON WORKS,
BOMBAY.

CUTLER, PALMER AND Co.

SOLE AGENTS IN BOMBAY FOR
READ BROTHERS,
BOTTLERS OF LONDON.

BASS'S PALE ALE
AND
GUINNESS'S STOUT.

Neither the Brewers nor the Bottlers have spared any trouble or cost to make these renowned Beers the finest in the world.
Both capital and skill are allied to make them standards of excellence.
PRICES ON APPLICATION.

Trade Marks Registration Act, 1875, 38, and 39 Vict., cap. 91.

THE "BULL-DOG" BOTTLING MARKS.

READ BROTHERS, of London, find it needful to state, for their own protection and that of the public, that they are the duly registered Owners of BOTH the original "BULL-DOG" Bottlings, Marks which were originated solely by them in connection with their Bottling Patent.

Any subsidiary bottler using the "BULL-DOG" MARK is accountable to READ BROTHERS, and must compulsorily deface the Mark with a signature written across it to show its origin.

Although the claim to "The Bull-Dog Brand" is thus divided, the much-used titles of "Dog's Head Ale" and "Dog's Head Stout" apply exclusively to the Bass's Ale and Guinness's Stout bottled by Read Brothers, and an injunction in their favour has accordingly been pronounced by the Lords Justices of the Supreme Court of Judicature.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GAIETY THEATRE.
LESSEE AND DIRECTRESS, MISS EDITH WILSON.
UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE OF
H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.
THIS EVENING,
THURSDAY, 19TH JANUARY,
AT 9 PRECISELY.
LAST NIGHT OF
FAUST AND MARGUERITE,
BURLESQUE.

A KISS IN THE DARK.
Mr. J. B. Ferrell, Mr. T. Gillespie, Mr. H. Brooks, Mrs. Norville, Miss Emma Markham.
To be followed at 10 o'clock by BURNAND'S BURLESQUE,
FAUST AND MARGUERITE.
Mr. F. Meyer, Mr. A. B. Tapping, Mr. J. B. Ferrell, Miss Edith Wilson, Miss Kate Thobum, Mrs. Norville, Miss Emma Markham.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.
Private Box (to admit 8, Rs. 16; Orchestra Stall, Rs. 1
Pit Stall, Rs. 2; Pit, Re. 1; Back Seats, As. 8.
Boxes and Orchestra Stalls can be reserved at Messrs. SCUNDY & Co., Limited.
Doors open at 8-30 p.m.; performance commences at 9 p.m. (Bombay Time).
STAGE MANAGER..... Mr. F. MEYER.
BUSINESS MANAGER..... Mr. GEO. NORVILLE.

PANTOMIME.—WANTED CHILDREN for the forthcoming Pantomime. Apply at the Gaiety Theatre between 11 a. m. and 1 p. m.

NOTICE.
MISS WILSON requests that all Bills against her for Gas, Printing, &c., should be sent for payment to Mr. NORVILLE, at the Theatre, every MONDAY, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 1 p. m.

GAYETTY'S MEDICATED PAPER.
Packets containing 500 sheets, Net Re. 1-8 per packet.
THOMSON AND TAYLOR,
5, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

FOR SALE,
AT JAFFER SULLIMAN'S BAZAAR:
A handsome four-seated Canoe Barouche,
Bombay-built new Pony Cart,
An English-built Victoria, with a moveable driving-box,
An English-built single-seated office Brougham,
A Madras-built second-hand Mail-phaeton, price Rs. 700, open to an offer, property of a gentleman,
A set of four-in-harness, plated mounted,
Sets of single harnesses, plated mounted.

BOLTON AND COMPANY,
GENERAL MERCHANTS,
Rampart Row, Bombay,
HAVE now unpacked a large stock of best CHINA WARE, to which they invite a personal inspection of intending purchasers.

BREAKFAST SERVICES.
(BEST CHINA.)

Maroon Border and Line	
Celadon ,, ...	
Blue ,, ...	
Blue & Oak ,, ...	
Celeste ,, ...	
AND CONSISTING OF	
12 Breakfast Cups and Saucers	
12 Coffee Cups and Saucers	
6 Tea Cups and Saucers	
1 Egg-stand and 6 Cups	Per set Rs. 35
12 Plates	
1 Slop Basin	
1 Sugar Basin	
1 Cream Jug	
2 Dishes	
1 Covered Muffin Plate	
1 Butter Pot	
1 Toast Rack	
2 Cake Plates	
Real Procelain Breakfast Sets in great variety ...	Per set Rs. 60

TEA AND COFFEE CUPS IN GREAT VARIETY, &c., &c.

DINNER SETS OF DIFFERENT PATTERNS FROM Rs. 75 to Rs. 125.

BOLTON AND COMPANY.

NOTICES.

TENDERS are invited for the EXTENSION of the CHINCHONI BUNDER at Tanna. Particulars can be ascertained on application at the office of the Executive Engineer, Northern Konkan Division, Tanna.

F. B. MACLARAN, C.E.,
Executive Engineer, Northern Konkan.
Tanna, 17th January, 1882.

NOTICE.
TO BE SOLD at Kumta on the 13th February, 1882, about 175 khandies of SANDALWOOD of 560 lbs. each. For particulars apply to Mr. W. H. WOODCOCK, Assistant Conservator of Forests, Southern Division of Kanara, Sirsi.

W. PEYTON,
Conservator, of Forests, Southern Division.
Conservator's office, S. D. Camp Attal, Dharwar Districts, 3rd January, 1882.

T. DREWET, M. E.,
CONSULTING ENGINEER.
BOOMER AND VALUER,
ENGINEER'S GENERAL AGENT,
Experimental Machinery,
Mechanical Drawing, Tracing, &c.,
Plans and Estimates prepared,
Machinery, &c.,
Bought and Sold on Commission,
No. 8, Apollo Street Fort.

LADIES'
BLACK LAWN-TENNIS SHOES,
WITH INDIA-RUBBER SOLES.

A new consignment just unpacked.

Black Morocco ...	per pair	Rs. 9 8
Black Kid	,,	,, 9 0
Brown Canvas... ...	,,	,, 10 8

A worn shoe is the best guide for size.

WATSON & Co.,
ESPLANADE HOTEL, BOMBAY.

PROPERTY IN KARACHI FOR SALE.

THE LIQUIDATORS of the S. T. and D. BANK, having decided to sell that valuable PROPERTY on the Sirkeeri Road, Karachi, near the city Railway station, at present occupied by Messrs. Latham and Co., as godowns and offices, are desirous that the will be prepared to receive OFFERS for the same up to 10 a. m. on MONDAY, the 23rd January, 1882.

The property consists of a handsome and substantial building in the Italian style suitable for a dwelling house, a bank or a merchant's office; and extensive and complete godowns built of stone and lime and very suitable for goods.

The area of the ground measures 5,168 square yards. The whole is held on a lease for 51 years from 1858. The Government land rent is Rs. 16-8-0 per annum.

The property adjoins the Station yard of the Scind Railway whence sidings might be run into the compound, and the frontage is bounded by McLeod Road, along which a tramway will be laid in a few months. The situation is one of the best in Karachi for a merchant or a banker, and it is expected that in the course of a few years the property will greatly increase in value.

The highest offer will be accepted. Payment to be made within one month from date of sale.

J. CAMPBELL,
Attorney for the Liquidators of S. T. and D. Bank, Karachi.

IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES' ACT, 1862, AND OF THE WINDING UP OF THE CONSOLIDATED BANK CORPORATION OF INDIA AND THE EAST.

NOTICE is hereby given that by an order dated the 25th day of February, 1881, a second interim return of 3s. 6d. per share was directed to be paid to all those Contributaries who had paid their calls in full and the amount payable to those contributaries resident in India has been and is now payable at the agency of the Union Bank of Calcutta, Messrs. Punnett and Co., merchants, No. 1, Bruce-lane, Bombay, the agents of the official Liquidator, and unless the amounts payable to the contributaries and not yet applied for are received in Bombay on or before the 31st day of March, 1882, the official Liquidator will after that date apply to the Court for an order to close the liquidation when the amounts uncreated or unclaimed in Bombay will be remitted to England and paid into Court or otherwise dealt with as the Court may think fit.—Dated this 23rd day of December, 1881.

C. BURNEY,
Chief Clerk.
FRESHFIELDS, 5, WILLIAMS,
Liquidator, 31, Gre... Londo...

HOTELS.

ENGLISH HOTEL,
Hornby Row, opposite to Military Pay Office.

OUR NEW PREMISES have a delightful frontage, overlooking the Esplanade and freely open to the sea-breeze. This Hotel is in a central position to all the Public Offices, the new Railway Stations, and the Apollo Bunder being within a few minutes' walk. An excellent and liberal table.

PESTONJEE BAPOOJEE,
Bombay, January, 1882. Proprietor.

ABC HOTEL.

A FIRST-RATE HOTEL is to be OPENED from the 1st February, 1882, at MOUNT ABU for Ladies and Gentlemen with comfort, luxuries, and attention at moderate charges under European Management by the undersigned.

BY OSLE & SOUZA,
Proprietors.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.'S
MEDIC
BOTTLED IN BOMBAY.
Cash Rs. ... per dozen qts.
,, ... ,, ... ,, pints.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co.,
BOMBAY.

McEWAN'S BEER
CAN always be had at the undernoted address. It is of excellent quality and is highly recommended.

Quarts ...	Rs. 4 12 per dozen. Carriage free.
Pints ...	,,

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, JAN. 18.

MONEY has been quite as tight as ever during the past week, and it has interfered much with the progress of trade. There are some indications, however, of this state of matters coming to an end, or at all events being considerably modified. Discount is hardly so firm, and is very weak for forward delivery. Government Paper has improved, and for forward delivery a considerable advance can now be got on the rates of the day, which shows some confidence in returning ease in the Money market. Shares and Stocks of all kinds are firm, and, during the past two or three days especially, Spinning shares have recovered from their previous depression, and have changed hands at far all the leading Companies a large advance on the rates quoted by last mail. Shipments of produce go on freely, and there is not much alteration in the values of any article. The reported purchases during the week in Cotton and other articles have been on a good scale, and a good deal of the business also has been put through on account of old contracts. There has been a good demand for ready tonnage, both to the U. K. and the Continental Ports, and rates are a little higher than last mail. Our import trade has been very quiet, but the movements from the bazaar have been to a fair extent, and if money were only a little easier, we would no doubt soon see clearances on a more extensive scale.

COTTON.—The advices from home after last mail were of rather a discouraging nature. Quotations were not altered, but Surats [illegible] reported were small, [illegible] these influences [illegible] 5 per candy, [illegible] was done as [illegible] day or two, however, firm, and have [illegible] for Oomras nearly to the [illegible] and a good business has [illegible] sold as low as Rs. 192 and Rs. 194, [illegible] to now Rs. 197, and a fairly [illegible] has been done at the advance. Other [illegible] the same demand, and our [illegible] considerable decline. We now [illegible]

[illegible]	Rs. 197
[illegible]	187
[illegible]	227
[illegible]	159
[illegible]	225
[illegible]	225
[illegible]	195
[illegible]	160

[illegible] and shipments of the staple have been [illegible] for this season of the year. They [illegible]

	1882.	1881.
From 16th to 16th January..	39,842	25,396
" 9th to 16th " do.	76,234	56,019
" 1st to 16th " do.	18,150	9,980
" 1st to 16th " do.	16,521	10,275
Total	29,338	8,117

WHEAT AND WHEAT.—A very considerable trade [illegible] to be done in these articles. Of Wheat the receipts and shipments still continue quite up to the large figures of the past six months, and there seems every indication that this trade has fairly taken root, and with good cold weather crops in India and fair prices at home, the shipment of 1882 will probably even exceed those of 1881, unprecedentedly large as these have proved to be. The shipments of Wheat from 11th to 17th are 3,66,281 cwts., and receipts from 10th to 16th are 2,78,938 cwts. Prices are a little improved since last mail. Seeds, we quote much as before, and the Rupee rates are not quotably changed. Both Seeds and Wheat may be said to be in fair demand at quotations. We quote as follows for all :—

White	No. 1 White Rs. 34 to Rs. 34½.
Linseed	Rs. 5-13 to Rs. 5-14.
Gingelly	Rs. 32 to Rs. 32½.

The receipts of Linseed for the week have been 15,066 cwts., and the shipments 16,773 cwt.

Imports generally have been very quiet, both because the supply of almost all classes of goods sent to this market is in excess of the demand, and on account of the tightness of money, which for the time keeps buyers from placing even the orders which they actually hold.

PIECE-GOODS AND YARNS.—We do not make any alterations in quotations, but stocks of all kinds are heavy, and the tight Money market makes holders anxious to realize, even at prices, a good deal under what they can be replaced at in Manchester. We fully expect during the next week or two to see a rather more healthy state of matters here, and if prices do not go up to the level of Manchester at least, a larger business will be possibly at the current rates of the day. The Calcutta market is said to have most distinctly improved during the past few days, and prices are there taking an upward cause. This is no doubt the result of the lighter shipments for a couple of months to that port, and if January gives us another light month here, we too may look for something a little better. The consumptive demand both here and in Calcutta is, we are convinced, both large and healthy, but the largest and most healthy appetite may be sated, and an even moderate falling off in our supplies for a time is all that is required to give a naturally vigorous market the power to recover its proper tone.

METALS are dull all round. *Copper* and *Yellow Metal*, we must reduce our quotations for this mail to Rs. 51 and Rs. 40, but these prices are purely nominal. Holders would not sell at these low rates, and buyers could not be induced for the time at least to give even as much. Tight money and the fall at home reported by Reuter of Copper from £86 to £85, and Yellow Metal from 1d. to 7/8d. to 7d. are the causes of the decline. However, shipments of these have not been heavy, stocks are moderate, and prices are much under English quotations, so that it is probable we may see a recovery when finance is more easy, and private advices say that the reported decline is an error.

SPELTER, both Hard and Soft, are very dull at our quotations, and stocks large, especially of the former.

COALS are firm and steady, about 1,000 tons of Davison's are reported sold, to arrive, at Rs. 13½, and 1,000 tons Cardiff at Rs. 14½. We quote as rates of the day :—

Davison's West Hartley	Rs. 13-8 to Rs. 14 alongside.
Welsh Hartley	Rs. 12-8 to Rs. 13 "
Cardiff	Rs. 14-0 to 14½ "

EXCHANGE on the rate for Silver coining 52 opened rather weak this morning, but the rates more fairly sustained during the day, and a considerable business has been done both in Bank and Mercantile Paper. The following are our closing rates for immediate delivery on all this *month* :—

	Telegraphic Demand.	3 months'.	4 months'.
Banks	1s. 8 1-16d.	1s. 8 5-16d.	1s. 8 3-8d.
		3 months'.	6 months'.
Private ports		1s. 8 15-32d.	1s. 8 21-32d.
Paper		2 1/16	2 1/16

Telegraphic and Demand have not varied from these rates during the week, but 3 to 6 months' draft have been done of all description 1-32 to 1-16 above our quotations. Forward the rates have been always about 1-32 under those for immediate delivery. To-day the bulk of the business done has been in 3 to 6 months' bills for February and March at 1-32 under our quotations, and one Bank has been buying credits, 3 months' for March delivery, at 1s. 8 13-16d.

The Stock and Share market closes firm, and prices in many cases are higher.

GOVERNMENT PAPER has been in improved demand, and rates are up considerably. 4 per cents. have been in good demand, and a large business has been done in them at advancing prices. We quote them ready 101¼ to 3-16. For forward delivery contracts have been made at still higher rates, 101⅜ has been done for delivery on the 15th of next month, and 101⅝ for delivery on the 15th March. Improved quotations from Calcutta and England have been the main cause of the immediate advance, and the expectation of cheaper money is no doubt the inducement to buy forward at an advance.

Bank, Press, and Land shares are firm, but without many changes of importance. Bombay Bank has advanced to Rs. 750, but the alterations which we make in our lists of other shares, as noted above, are of a very trifling description.

The market for the shares of Spinning Companies has fluctuated a good deal. For a few days after the mail left depression in them was continued and great, but for the past two to three days quite a change has come over the spirit of the market. All the leading companies have been in active demand, and prices have very considerably advanced. Indeed we may say that a complete change has for the time taken place in the feeling in the market with regard to them. Manockjee Petit has advanced from Rs. 1,315 to Rs. 1,360, Morarjee from Rs. 1,140 to Rs. 1,200, Oriental from Rs. 715 to Rs. 737½, Great Eastern from Rs. 990 to Rs. 1,025, Dhurumsey from Rs. 490 to Rs. 510 ; and it may be seen from our detailed list that almost all Spinning shares are a little higher. The opinion gains ground that with an easier state of the Money market the shares of all the sound and well managed companies will stand considerably higher in the market than they do at present. Heavy stocks are held of their productions, and, no doubt, they are for the time difficult to get rid of, especially those of a brand which does not bear a high character in the market. Still some of the best known Spinnings move fairly well, and a large sale of a favourite production is reported at As. 7 for 20s, which, with present price of Cotton, is a very paying rate. It has been estimated that there are stocks in Bombay of local production of about 30,000 bales of Cloth and 16,000 bales of Yarn. And it is also estimated that the stocks of Yarn of our local Spinnings held in China and Japan do not fall far short of 20,000 bales more. It is no doubt the knowledge of this that has emboldened speculators to work for a fall as they have done during the past two months. This afternoon the market is quieter, and the advance we quote is barely mentioned.

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs. 11 14
Napoleons	" 22 6
American Eagles	" 224
Five Franc Pieces	" 221
Fine Silver, 11 to 11½ betterness	" 107
Dollars	" 13-5
Fine Gold, 10 oz. English, 100 touch	" 19 4-6
Standard Gold, 100 touch	" 19
American Gold, 900 touch	" 19
Dutch Gold Bars	" 19

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Cohanim, 1,018 tons, Captain E. Weddall, will sail to-day for Liverpool, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Carmona, 2,447 tons, Captain J. A. Halcrow, sailed yesterday for Liverpool, with a general cargo.

THE steamer Oorun, 360 tons, Captain G. J. Baker, will sail to-day for Coast and Cutch, with a general cargo and 220 deck passengers.

THE steamer Swift Sure, 1,250 tons, Captain J. Gibson, arrived in harbour yesterday from Port Said (2nd Jan.) in ballast. The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

THE steamer Congo, 1,422 tons, Captain E. C. Williams, arrived in harbour on the 17th instant from Port Said (29th Dec.) in ballast. The vessel is consigned to the Captain.

THE Anchor Line steamer Armenia, 2,218 tons, Captain G. Read, sailed yesterday for Liverpool, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mrs. Sanghey and three children, Surg. W. E. Griffiths, Dr. and Mrs. Johnston, Miss Hungerford, Miss M. Pottinger, and Dr. Lellingwell.

THE steamer Elpis, 1,301 tons, Captain W. Turner, sailed yesterday for Coast and Calcutta, with a general cargo and the following passengers :—Mr. A. M. Monteith, Mr. M. Torrin, Surg. Major H. Cook, Mr J. B. Neuberg, Mr. Arthur Furze, Mr. C. F. G. Lester, H. H. the Sir Desai of Sawantwadie, H. H. Tarabai Sahib and Sundrabai Moherte, Mr. Bhaoo Sahib Patawker, Mr. Koka Dandker, Mr. E. D. Sab, and 37 deck.

ARRIVAL.

Jan.	Vessels.	Commander	From.
18	Swift Sure(s)	Gibson	Port Said, Jan. 2.

DEPARTURES.

Jan.	Vessels.	Commander	Destinations.
18	Queen of the Ages	Cooper	Ballasore.
	Carmona (s)	Halcrow	Liverpool.
	Armenia (s)	Read	Liverpool.
	Ethiopia(s)	Meivill	Cutch.
	Elpis (s)	Turner	Antwerp.

The following vessels obtained their port-clearances yesterday :—

Steamer Oorun, Baker, to Coast and Cutch.
Steamer Cohanim, Weddall, to Liverpool.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday :—

Steamer Coconada, to Kurrachee.
Steamer Boyne, to Liverpool.
Steamer Swift Sure, to Marseilles.
Steamer Burmah, to Persian Gulf.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Jan.			
13	Waverley (s)	Burgess	London, Dec. 18.
14	Brindisi (s)	Lee	Gravesend, Dec. 7.
	Madura (s)	Starratt	Bombay, Dec. 23.
	Safarao(s)	Amaro	Jan. 2.
	Compta	Jeffery	Mauritius, Dec. 5.
15	Commilla (s)	Smith	Rangoon, Jan. 5.

DEPARTURES.

Jan. 13.—Steamers City of London and Lydian Monarch, and a barque (numbers undistinguishable.)
Jan. 14.—Steamers Rhwa, Mahratta and Mediator.

DAILY IMPORTS.—JANUARY 18.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Sicily (s)—5 packages earthenware, Gangjee Poona.
Armenia (s)—8 cases umbrellas, Ramajee Mahanesdaly.
Rydal Hall (s)—25 cases clocks, Hajee Oosman Tar Mahomed.

FROM LONDON.

Teviot (s)—50 cases champagne, John Fleming and Co.
Rosetta (s)—137 cases whisky, J. N. Wadia, Sons and Co.
Cathay (s)—32 boxes bar silver (Rs. 2,49,9/6), the French Bank ; 24 drums linseed oil, Desabhoy Sulleman.
Bokara (s)—75 boxes bar silver (Rs. 2,20,000), the French Bank.
Assam (s)—21 boxes bar silver (Rs. 1,07,815), the Chartered Bank of I. A. and China.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Singapore (s)—30 cases brandy, Dhunjeebhoy Cowasjee.

HIGH COURT.—JANUARY 19.

(Before the Hon'ble SIR CHARLES SARGENT.)

FOR JUDGMENT.

475-80—R. M. Sayani—C. A. Turner vs. Nusserwanjee Ardaseer Wadia—Hearn, C. and L.—Part heard.
Suit for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSE.

450-79—Craigie, L and O—C. A. Turner vs Kessowjee Naik—Hearn C. and L.—Part heard.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)

FOR CONSENT DECREE.

286-81—M. H. Khan—Beckersing Sobhasing vs. Dewjee Ramjee—J. Macfarlane.
Suits for hearing and final disposal.

LONG CAUSES.

645-79—Jefferson B and D (for pauper)—Devbai vs Ithalal Vundrawandas and others—J. Macfarlane and Chalk and W. (for pauper)—Parsee.
115-80—Chalk and W. (for pauper)—Dayabhoy Hurridas vs Ithalal Vundrawandas and others—J. Macfarlane.
187-79—J. Macfarlane—Motivow and others vs Chunbala—Hearn, C. and L.—Part heard.
446-80—V. C. Cama—Thackersey Jaitha vs Trikumjee Velljee and others—J. B and D., P. and G. and J. Macfarlane.

In the matter of the Indian Companies' Act X of 1866, and in the matter of the Fleming S. and W. Co., and in the matter of the New Fleming S. and W. Co., Ardeser and H., and C., L. and O.—Jehangir Gustadjee and another, petitioners.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice WEST.)

LONG CAUSES.

326-81—Payne and G.—Hassumbhoy Visram and others vs Haleer Haroon Esmail and another—Smith and F. Part heard.
423-81—Chalk and W.—Annie Henningway vs J. Henningway—Hearn, C. and L.
513-81—Hearn, C. and L.—J. Henningway vs Annie Powar *alias* Annie Henningway—Chalk and W.
309-81—J. Macfarlane—Ahmed Soonjee vs Chunda Ramjee and another—Nanabhai and Ha. and R. M. Sayani.
313-81—Jefferson, B. and D.—Hajee Esmail Seedick and others vs Hajee Dawood Hajee Sulleman and others.
22-81—Tyabjee and D.—Jeewbhai vs Golabdas Motiram and others—Jefferson B and D.
128-81—Tyabjee and D.—Memon Hajee Cassam Hajee Noormahomed vs Memon Hajee Oosman Hajee Jhoma and another—In person.
306-81—Muljee and B.—Motilal Sudaram and another vs Sookhranidas Khoosalchand—Shamrao P.
346-81—Tyabjee and D.—Hirjibhai Jadadas vs The Italia and Helvetia Marine Insurance Co.
355-81—In person (a pauper)—Pembai vs Sliobai—Inperson.
356-81—In person (a pauper)—Sonabai vs Hurrisahnker Bhaskerjee and others—In person.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—JANUARY 16.

Chance, Lieut., R. A., from leave, from Khandalla.

JANUARY 17.

Moore, Lieut., R. I. Fusiliers, on duty, from Deolali.

JANUARY 18.

Geoghegan, Lieut., 3rd Light Cavalry, on leave, from Baroda.

DEPARTURES.—JANUARY 18.

North, Surg., on duty, Rawal Pindee.
Cooke, Surg., on duty, to Dharwar.
Sherard, Lieut., 13th Madras N. I., on duty, to Jubbulpore.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

BY LT.-COL. COMDT. W. S. HEWETT, B. V. R. C.

Bombay, January 19.

The Regiment will parade under the Commandant on Saturday next, the 21st inst., on the ground in front of the Gymkhana at 5-30 p. m. (Madras time.) Red uniform with helmets, arms, and accoutrements to be worn. All members are requested to attend. Tram-cars will leave Byculla and Girgaum at 5 p. m. and Grant-road at 1-45 p. m. (Madras time.) Members are requested to be punctual in catching the trams. All coming after the time above specified will have to pay their own fare.

The Range at Coorla is reserved for B. Company on Wednesday, the 1st February, 1882, for the Bayley Shield Competition.

There will be Squad and Company Drill every Friday and Tuesday evening near the European General Hospital at 5-45 o'clock (Madras time) Members who cannot attend the morning parades at the Oval are requested to attend these evening drills.

By order,
A. W. PROUDFOOT,
Capt. and Adjt., B. V. R. C.

SURGEON DENTIST,
DR. C. F. KHORY
(LICENTIATE OF DENTAL SURGERY OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND, 1873).
No. 23, RAMPART ROW,
Opposite the Floral Fountain, next to *Bombay Gazette* Office

DEFECTIVE SIGHT.
HARRIS AND LAWRENCE
OCULISTS OPTICIANS,
20, RAMPART ROW,
(NEAR THE ORIENTAL BANK)
BOMBAY.

REGISTERED PROPRIETORS of the LUCULENT and METRICAL SPECTACLES, which are used in all OPHTHALMIC HOSPITALS, and prescribed by all SURGEON OCULISTS. For the convenience of Mofussil residents who are unable to visit us we will on application forward a set of our patent METRICAL TEST GLASSES for self-fitting. Applicants must give a Bombay reference, or forward a deposit of Rs. 10, which will be refunded on the return of the Test Glasses.

Artificial Human Eyes in all shapes and colours.

GRAEFENBERG
MARSHALL'S UTERINE
CATHOLICON,

Known and used for over Thirty Years by the most cultivated and refined among women. Physicians of great ability are now using this medicine in their practice for FEMALE WEAKNESS, and all complaints to which women are subject. It cures NERVOUSNESS, GENERAL DEBILITY, encourages the APPETITE, and assists nature in restoring the system to a perfectly healthy condition. Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

GRAEFENBERG COMPANY, NEW YORK.
Agents in Bombay :
B. S. MADON & Co.
NOWROJEE BOMANJEE & Co.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

Price—As. 4 per Copy.

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6 AFGHANISTAN.—BOMBAY AND PRESIDENCY.
7 Cholera at Ganesh Khind—Death of Miss Richman—Funeral of Lady Fergusson.
8 Government House and the Village of Parel—Departure of H. E. the Governor—Consecration of the New Church on Malabar Hills.
9 Railway Rail at Kanpoor—Annual Meeting of the Grant College Medical Society—The Confession of Murder by a British Soldier—Bombay Season Reports—University Intelligence—Bombay Volunteers —Royal Bombay Golf Club—Opium Revenue.
10 The Gaikwar's Estate—Matriculation Pass List for 1881—Mr. F. Mathew—The Seychelles Islands as a Coaling Station—Extensive Theft of the P. and O. Company's Property—The Bombay Hunt—Bombay Municipal Corporation.
11 Police Probationers—The Duke of Argyll and Indian Civil Engineers—The Chairmanship of the Corporation—The Present Cholera Outbreak.
12 Cooper's Hill College—The Broad and the Narrow Gauge—The C. D. Act—A Tract for the Times—Railway Station Gardens—BENGAL.—*Gazette of India*— Notifications—The Viceregal Council—Seditious Publications' Law Amendment Bill—The Viceroy and King Theebaw.
13 King Theebaw—MADRAS AND SOUTHERN INDIA—The Governor of Madras on Tour.
14 Movements of Troops—Horticultural Show at Bangalore—BURMA.
15 LEADING ARTICLES—The Death of Lady Fergusson—Is an Epidemic of Cholera Imminent?
16 LEADING ARTICLES—The Government of India and Ryat Khan—Official Equivoques.
17 LEADING ARTICLES—The Clamour against the Opium Revenue—The Bombay Corporation.
18 LEADING ARTICLES—The [illegible] and the Civil Engineers.
18 Green's Insolvency—[illegible] to the Shroff.
19 A Singular Appeal Case—N.-W. PROVINCES, OUDH, AND PUNJAB—Fall of Snow at Simla—Serious Accident on the East Indian Railway—Accident on the Jubbulpur Line.
20 Courts Martial—OFFICIAL GAZETTES—Bombay Army Orders—Bombay Government Orders—Government of India Orders.
21 Orders by the Commander-in-Chief in India—Bengal Government Orders.
22 BOMBAY COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE—MONEY MARKET.
23 SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE—BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, AND DEATHS.
24 ADVERTISEMENTS.

DR. A. MENISTS'
CELEBRATED PEBBLE SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES, FIELD-GLASSES, ANEROIDS, &c.
Pamphlets free on application.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS & Co. beg to inform the public that they have made arrangements with a duly CERTIFICATED OPHTHALMIC SURGEON, of Moorfield's Hospital, London, and Licenciate of the Royal College of Surgeons, Edinburgh, to attend daily for consultation at their establishment between the hours of 3 p.m. and 4 p.m.

C. MARCKS & Co.,
2, Rampart Row, Bombay.

MR. JOSEPH COOK will deliver his LAST LECTURE on THURSDAY (19th instant) in the TOWN HALL at 5-30 p. m. (Bombay time).

SUBJECT :—The Religious Future of India as judged by Failures of Christianity in America, England, and Germany.

J. K. Bythell, Esq., will preside.

A limited number of Seats reserved ; all other seats free.

Tickets for Reserved Seats at SOUNDY and Co.'s.

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

A CONVOCATION FOR CONFERRING DEGREES will be held on TUESDAY, the 24th instant, at 5-15 p.m. (Bombay time), in the SIR COWASJEE JEHANGHIR HALL of the University.

Seats will be reserved for Graduates of the University who propose to attend in Academic costume and who shall have given previous notice to that effect.

Application for visitors' tickets should be made to the undersigned on or before FRIDAY, the 20th instant.

PETER PETERSON, M.A.,
University Registrar.

Bombay, 18th January, 1882.

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

"EYES FRONT."—Your letter has been forwarded to the Adjutant, who will no doubt attend to the complaint.
"SIMPLETON'S" letter is not intelligible.
"N. C.'s" letter is too long.
"R."—The publisher of the "Urdu Instructor" is Munshi Ghulam Mahomed, 70, Bhoosari St., Bombay.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

EUROPE.

DEATH.

HARRISON.—January 12th, at Venice, Major Courtney Harrison, Bo. S. C., Jacob's Rifles.

BOMBAY.

MARRIAGES.

ANDERSON—LEBAILLY.—January 17th, at the Cathedral, Bombay, by the Rev. F. L. Sharpin, M. A., Major W. Cortlandt Anderson, 3rd Punjab Cavalry, to Margaret Mary, daughter of the late J. Lebailly, Esq.
RENNISON—MACMAHON—January 17th, at the Fort Chapel, by the Rev. C. Cooke, Henry M. Rennison, to Kate MacMahon.

DEATHS.

COLAH—January 18th, at his father-in-law (Framjee Dosabhoy Wadia's) residence, Chowpatty, Bomanjee, son of Byramjee Heerajee Colah, aged 26. Funeral will take place at 8 a.m. this morning.
HARVEY—January 18th, at Bombay, Susan, wife of Sergeant James Harvey, H. E. the Governor's Band. Funeral will be at the Sewree Cemetery at 4 p.m., this afternoon.
STEWART—January 18th, at Bell Lane, Fort, Bombay, Frances Whitfield, widow of the late D. T. Stewart, Esq., of Newcastle-on-Tyne, aged 53 years.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

LILLIE—January 14th, at Allahabad, the wife of the Rev. James Lillie, Chaplain, Church of Scotland, of a daughter.
NEWTON—January 14th, at Calcutta, the wife of H. W. Newton, of a son.
NICHOLL—January 14th, at Calcutta, the wife of W. Nicholl, of a son.
MIDDLEMASS—January 4th, at Saugor, the wife of Brevet-Major Middlemass, 2nd Battalion the Leicestershire Regiment, of a daughter.
RYAN—January 14th, at Tundla, the wife of M. Ryan, E. I. Railway, of a son.
WEBB—January 12th, at Meerut, the wife of Deputy Surgeon-General William Marshall Webb, Army Medical Department, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

HOLLINGBERY—VAUGHAN.—December 29th, at Fatehghur, Robert Hollingbery, to May, daughter of the late Charles Tufnell Vaughan.
METCALFE—GLASSE.—January 7th, at Dibrugarh, Upper Assam, Christie Grimston Metcalfe, to Eliza Mary, widow of Major R. W. Glasse, late Bengal Staff Corps.

DEATHS.

ALEXANDER—January 6th, at Darjeeling, Dora, infant daughter of N. Stuart Alexander.
SHIRCORE—December 27th, at Tipperah, Mary Ann Shircore, wife of C. G. M. Shircore, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector.
SANKEY—January 13th, at Benares, Walter Robert, infant son of Lieutenant J. P. W. Sankie, Bengal Staff Corps, aged 4½ months.

All MONEY ORDERS, CHEQUES, and other Remittances sent to this office should be made payable to the Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*.

The Bombay Gazette

THURSDAY, JANUARY 19, 1882.

WE recently referred to the proposal of Mr. Mathew, the Agent of the Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway Company, to make a railway from Godhra, *viâ* Rutlam and Gwalior, to Cawnpore. That line would connect Central India with Kathiawar, and bring Cawnpore 85 miles nearer to Bombay. The project was sent up to the Government of India weighted by an expression of adverse opinion from H. E. the Governor of Bombay, who stated that he considered the proposal "as regards the extension from Rutlam to be not one to be accepted, but recommends a survey being made between Godhra and that place." As might naturally be expected, the Government of India concurred in this view, and stated in reply that "the entire project, as put forward in Mr. Mathew's prospectus, is not one, as anticipated by the Government of Bombay, that His Excellency the Governor-General in Council could, at present, entertain. The country beyond Indam is wild and very sparsely populated, and a line through that must cross several rivers of considerable magnitude, and would be both circuitous and expensive, while the obligatory points, Rutlam, Gwalior, Cawnpore, and Lucknow, are already well provided with railway accommodation." The Government of India proceeds to point out that there are four alternative routes which will bring Cawnpore into more direct communication with Bombay, and that either of them would, in the opinion of the Government, be preferable to the route proposed by Mr. Mathew. This argument, of course, proceeds on the assumption that the sole, or at all events the main, purpose of the latter was to abridge the distance between Cawnpore and Bombay. But that was in truth only a secondary object to Mr. Mathew's project. The chief object was to bring Central India into direct railway communication with Kathiawar and turn to account the enormous pilgrim traffic always in progress between those regions on account of the great sanctity of the Hindu shrines in Kathiawar on the one hand and at Benares on the other. The Government of India adduces, amongst its reasons for refusing to afford any assistance to the proposed line, the fact that when a bridge across the Hooghly, now sanctioned, is built, there will be "increased facilities for shipping produce direct into vessels lying at Diamond Harbour, whereby the dangers and inconveniences of this navigation will be removed." This reason is the oddest we have ever heard. It is proposed to establish railway communication between Central India and Kathiawar, and abridge the distance to Bombay, and the answer is, that a bridge is sanctioned which will facilitate traffic at Calcutta! With regard to the extension of the branch line from Godhra to Rutlam, the Government of India agrees with the Government of Bombay that "the case is different." It would open up communication between Malwa and Kathiawar, and might be expected to yield a good deal of traffic. But before assenting finally to the proposed survey for the line, the opinion of the Governor-General's Agent in Central India is to be called for. It is to be hoped that Sir A. Lyall will not throw any obstacle in the way now that the matter is referred to him.

From all this it is evident that Mr. Mathew's main project for a line *viâ* Rutlam to Cawnpore is for the present shelved, while the extension from Godhra to Rutlam is in a fair way of being sanctioned. Mr. Mathew, it is to be hoped, will be thankful for this small mercy, and bide his time with regard to the larger project. But there is no reason why Bombay should resign the hope of getting more direct and speedy access to Central India than at present exists. The G. I. P. Railway Company proposes to extend the line now in progress of construction from Itarsee to Bhopal right on to Jhansi and Gwalior due north, and thus place two broad-gauge lines now ending in *culs-de-sac* in communication. This missing link would be about two hundred miles long, and would open up a most fertile country. A branch line from Jhansi to Cawnpore would complete the communication by this route with all Central India. There are no engineering difficulties, and it is calculated that the line would not cost more than £9,000 per mile. The G. I. P. Company could raise the three millions and a half capital required at 4 per cent. if Government gives a guarantee. The risk would be nominal, for the G. I. P. main line now earns a surplus dividend over and above the 5 per cent. guaranteed, and the Company's half of that surplus would cover any probable deficiency in the earnings of the proposed branch, which would be expected to pay 4 per cent. from the beginning. We hear that good railway authorities on the other side of India are satisfied that this line would pay. This opinion is entertained in influential quarters, and if public opinion in Bombay supports the project with proper energy, there is reason to believe that it may be carried through. The Chamber of Commerce, which advocated Mr. Mathew's project, should, now that the Government of India has decided against that line, take up the alternative line which the Government of India regards as more feasible. A bridge over the Hooghly will not satisfy the requirements of either Central or Western India ; and it is for this community to take care that the large interests for which it is responsible are not ignored at Calcutta.

As if the politics of the Mediterranean, which have always a vital interest for us in India, were not already sufficiently complicated, Prince Bismarck has assumed an attitude towards the Italian Kingdom which forebodes a serious disturbance of the existing equilibrium among the Mediterranean Powers. The belief that Prince Bismarck has determined upon "taking up" the Roman Question has caused a very natural emotion in the Italian press. No one seems to know exactly what the German Chancellor proposes to do ; but it seems to be understood that he has some undivined object in view which will affect general European politics and may be of the utmost moment to United Italy. The Italians have been rather too clever in their recent diplomacy. They have made it evident that they were more [illegible] unscrupulous as to the alliances by which that patriotic purpose was to be accomplished. An alliance with Russia against Austria, and a good understanding with France, was the means which seemed good to them up to the moment when rage against the French for the Tunisian aggression suggested an alliance with Germany and Austria against France. And in an hour Austria was offered the assistance of Italy in the Balkan peninsula on condition that His Imperial Royal and Apostolic Majesty would cede the Italian Tyrol as the price of it. The determination to have a slice of Austrian territory *per fas aut nefas* which this cool proposition made evident, opened the eyes of both the Austrian and the German Cabinets to the complete absence of scruples south of the Alps. Prince Bismarck declared that the Italian alliance was worthless to any Power, and the Austrian Foreign Minister permitted himself to indulge in very bitter and contemptuous language with regard to Italy. Then came the rumour—which appears to be something more than a rumour—that Prince Bismarck has decided to re-open the Roman Question with a view to bring the Italian Kingdom to its bearings. The French Government is known to be unfriendly, the attitude of Italy during and since the Tunisian complication having created considerable uneasiness and much indignation in Paris. So that Italy finds herself isolated at a time when she is likely to be the object of the active hostility of some or all of the Powers whom she imprudently alarmed for the safety of their frontiers by holding the offer of her armed assistance against each in turn up to auction. The statesmen of the young kingdom have substituted a policy of adventure for that "policy of good sense" which in Cavour's hands converted a geographical expression into a sixth Great Power, and everything has been brought into jeopardy by the levity with which the new and dangerous path has been followed.

While this is the state of things with regard to external relations, internally the Italian Kingdom is passing through one of those crises which are incidental to the development of free constitutions. The project of electoral reform which has so long occupied the attention of the legislature, after having excited public attention and anxiety for years, has taken definite shape, and by the vote of the Senate, as well as the Chamber of Deputies, has been passed [illegible] to them his person is sacred and his words are oracular. He descends from a long line of sovereigns, and local annals have preserved the names of his kingly ancestors since the time when Edward the Third reigned in England. The friendship which existed between the first English settlers and the people of Travancore grew into a firm and faithful alliance, mutually beneficial. Numerous records prove the good feeling maintained between Travancore and the early English residents in India, and the valuable assistance rendered to them by the State. The armies of Travancore fought side by side with those of the English when they were acquiring empire in Southern India. The English practically reciprocated the favour by rescuing Travancore from the all but accomplished invasion of Tippoo Sultan, who had actually appeared before the northern defences of the country, effected an entrance, and though once ignominiously repulsed by the unassisted natives, ravaged the country triumphantly, set fire to and desecrated the seats of ancient learning, and threatened to march on the capital itself. But the weak and vacillating policy of the Madras Government of that day was overruled by the presence of Lord Cornwallis, who instantly sent armies against Seringapatam. From this critical period the Travancore kingdom has enjoyed general peace. A subsidiary alliance was concluded between the Travancore and the British Governments, and although under the first pressure of this arrangement Travancore made a few struggles, the kingdom soon settled down into its present condition, and has happily risen to the first rank among well-governed Native States.

A CORRESPONDENT sends us quite an appalling account of the effect of our recent leader on the state of affairs in the Poona cantonment :—"The Government noticed it, and the Commander-[illegible] their power.

As the Maharaja of Travancore will, early next month, pay a short visit to Bombay on his way to Benares and Calcutta, a few particulars regarding this prince and his territory may at this moment prove interesting. The principality of Travancore is important in many respects. Its area is about 6,000 square miles ; it has a population of about 2,500,000 ; it possesses magnificent mountain and forest scenery, and the plantations are among the richest in India. Nature is very bountiful to this province, which every year enjoys the advantage of two monsoons, so that the artificial irrigation so necessary in almost every other part of this country is rarely required in Travancore. The annual rainfall on the coast varies from 60 to 80 inches, but in the higher parts of the country the rainfall amounts to as much as 200 inches. Much of this is retained in the forest-covered hills, from which it flows continuously throughout the year in streams and rivers, imparting fertility to the land, and affording a cheap means of transport for the products of the country. The coast line of Travancore is about 150 miles in extent, and at several points is easily accessible to shipping. In some parts of this kingdom is to be found a purely Hindu system of society, and Hindu institutions are still preserved intact, this, no doubt, being due to the seclusion which the principality enjoys, and the fact that it has always been under purely native government. The land is covered with temples, many of which are of great antiquity, and within their walls is still to be heard the primitive music of the sea-shells, and the Brahmin is to be found there in all Vedic simplicity. Sometimes in retired spots, in the depths of a forest, the traveller sees a settlement occupied from time immemorial by unsophisticated Brahmins whose manner of life is exactly similar to that depicted in the pages of the *Ramayma*. The mildness and benevolence which characterise the Hindu religion in its purity still pervade the Malayalam population. To meet the stranger with a kindly welcome, to feed the hungry, and to relieve distress, are accounted virtues among this primitive people. They regard their Maharaja with an affection [illegible] To them his person is sacred and his words are oracular. He descends from a long line of sovereigns, and local annals have preserved the names of his kingly ancestors since the time when Edward the Third reigned in England. The friendship which existed between the first English settlers and the people of Travancore grew into a firm and faithful alliance, mutually beneficial. Numerous records prove the good feeling maintained between Travancore and the early English residents in India, and the valuable assistance rendered to them by the State. The armies of Travancore fought side by side with those of the English when they were acquiring empire in Southern India. The English practically reciprocated the favour by rescuing Travancore from the all but accomplished invasion of Tippoo Sultan, who had actually appeared before the northern defences of the country, effected an entrance, and though once ignominiously repulsed by the unassisted natives, ravaged the country triumphantly, set fire to and desecrated the seats of ancient learning, and threatened to march on the capital itself. But the weak and vacillating policy of the Madras Government of that day was overruled by the presence of Lord Cornwallis, who instantly sent armies against Seringapatam. From this critical period the Travancore kingdom has enjoyed general peace. A subsidiary alliance was concluded between the Travancore and the British Governments, and although under the first pressure of this arrangement Travancore made a few struggles, the kingdom soon settled down into its present condition, and has happily risen to the first rank among well-governed Native States.

A CORRESP

A...MS.

...T RAJKOTE.

...PONDENT.)
...KOTE, JAN. 18.
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...gotiations for the re-
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...ngal Army.

...S.
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...Bey has been arrested

...VEMENTS.
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...REPORT.

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...LINE REPORT.

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...t is expected to arrive in
...nd the chapter of the Star
...rney home, His Highness
... Maharaja of Jeypore, and

...states that "in view of the
...pper Burmah, the Govern-
...ordered the Indian Naval
... one of Her Majesty's ships
...n measure of precaution."

...nferred the title of Maharaja
...nal distinction upon Raja
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...the visit of His Highness the
...re to Bombay next month,
...will come down from Baroda
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...ncing was so much admired
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... belonging to Mr. Byramjee Jeeje-
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... will travel in a manner befitting royalty,
...e attended by 50 followers.

...ion of the frontier lying between British
...d Nipal, which runs from Bikna Thori
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...in Samuells some time in 1857, is
... Several disputes have recently
...e demarcations laid down having
...by the heavy floods of the Kasia
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...00 and Rs. 20,000, and will be
...as an officer can be conveniently
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...the vacant regimental commands
...p. Lieutenant Colonel R. F. Firth
... Franks as Commandant of the 10th
... and Colonel W. R. Marten becomes
...the 38th Native Infantry.

...f the health of the European troops
...ampaign in Afghanistan—amount-
...ion, or about one-sixth of the entire
... then in India—yield a lamentable
...sickness. The death-rate in 1879
...of 89 per thousand, or nearly three
... as that of troops in cantonments.
...he principal cause of mortality, the
...t disease alone numbering more than
...ot directly attributable to battle or
...mong the troops operating from the
..., the mortality from cholera reached
...te of 74 per thousand.

... seems to be a chance, the *Indian*
...notes, of amendment in the Public
...ment. "As our readers know, the
...ly has been loud in its complaints
... which certain officers have been
...main on in the head-quarters ap-
... the department. The death of
... last year promised to make a change,
...al Hutchinson had applied to re-
...s. This gave rise to the question
...ould be allowed to retire, or whether
...ceed to the colonel's allowance vacant
...gby's death. We think it has been
... decided that he should be credited
...ention which made him apply for the
... than be compelled to follow the acci-
...t upon for his acceptance a colonel's
...t has now been decided that General
...is to take the bonus on retirement.
...lly amounts to placing the interests of
...d the department before the interests
... Generals Fraser and Crofton will
...ample of General Hutchinson, and this
...ant the colonel's allowances of Generals
...aker for acceptance by Generals Cadell
... Both branches of the department
...fied with this result."

CHARLES GRANT, C.B., whose death
...d by Reuter, was a retired officer of the
...gal) Artillery. His commission as
...tenant was dated 22nd April, 1819;
...enant, 2nd August, 1822; Brevet Cap-
... April, 1834; Captain, 17th January,
...vet Major, 30th April, 1844; Major,
...846; Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel, 19th
...; Lieutenant-Colonel, 5th May, 1849;
...onel, 20th June, 1854; Colonel, 18th
... 1861; Colonel Commandant, 11th
...1868; ... 14th October,

1868 General, 24th May, 1870. The official record of his war services states that General Grant served in the Burmese war of 1825-26, including the siege and capture of Donabew, actions of Prome, Maloon, and Paghammew (medal, with clasp). Afghanistan campaign of 1839-40, including siege and capture of Ghuznee (medal). Gwalior campaign of 1843, and battle of Maharajpore (bronze star, and brevet of Major). Sutlej campaign in 1846, and wounded at the battle of Sobraon (medal, and brevet of Lieutenant-Colonel). Punjab campaign of 1848-49, including the action of Ramnuggur, battles of Sadoolapore, Chillianwallah, and Gujerat (medal with two clasps, and C.B.)

FROM Deli, Sumatra, the *Penang Gazette* hears of an outbreak having taken place on one of the tobacco estates, Timbang Langkat by name. The Assistant Resident was called in, and by his orders some of the ringleaders were arrested by the police, but the coolies mobbed the police and released the prisoners they had taken. The Assistant Resident then called in the military to his aid, and a large number of men were taken into custody, but not until a good number of wounds were inflicted. The cause of the outbreak is not stated.

THE Royal Princes were expected to arrive in Singapore on the 7th inst. and to leave on the 13th. The Bacchante with their Royal Highnesses on board is accompanied by the Cleopatra, and both vessels are to call at Ceylon, where they will remain a week.

A CORRESPONDENT writes to a China paper from Tientsin:—"Country people say that never was so much ground sown with poppy before. In Manchuria, Shensi, and Shansi, the yield next year will be of unprecedented extent. And in this province, Chihli, the growth will be indeed great. There is no longer any restriction on the crop, and as it pays large profits it is said six or eight times greater than can be got from cereals, or vegetables, or cotton, or seeds—farmers have no scruples about the industry." A Calcutta contemporary notes that the Viceroy of the province of Chihli here mentioned is the Chinese official Li Hung Chang, the author of the recent letter to the Anti-Opium Association, deploring the evils connected with the opium trade with India, and the ruin, mental, moral, and physical, that was being entailed on his country-men thereby. The Association printed the letter, it may be remembered, in very bold type indeed.

IN his annual report Sir John Pope Hennessy states that one ecclesiastic, resident in Hongkong, is the agent of no fewer than eighteen missionary bishops. The Governor observes that the number of ministers and priests now devoting themselves to the task of Christianising China is extraordinary. It happens, however, that the results are not at all commensurate with the means employed, the number of Chinese Christians, we are told, being considerably less now than in the last century. As to the cause of this, a Chinese official has made a statement to which Sir John Pope Hennessy attaches importance. He said, "The missionary enterprises that have their head-quarters under your Government would be treated by us with the same friendly toleration that we accord to the Buddhists, but for their constant appeals to what they call treaty rights," which "do not appear to us Chinese to be as serenely elevated above worldly considerations as their religiously-minded authors doubtless intended, and the consequence is that Christianity is making no way—is, indeed, declining visibly."

SAYS *Vanity Fair*:—Anything which improves the moral quality of our soldiers is an advantage, and the presence of a substantial number of respectable, well-educated young men in the ranks seeking to gain a commission must be desirable. I am sorry, therefore, to hear that the Horse Guards have laid down a rule that no one is to obtain a commission from the ranks until he has completed six years' service. The ordeal will in future be far too long, and will prevent many men who would be extremely valuable both as non-commissioned officers and officers from enlisting. Hitherto there have been several instances of commissions being obtained after three or four years' service; and I know of one recent case in which an ex-officer enlisted, and at the close of a year and a half found himself again a lieutenant. The authorities seem to think that the road to a commission should not be made too easy. Heaven knows that it is rough enough now to a man who enlists, without prolongation of time. Besides, a man who does not obtain a commission till, say, twenty-five is heavily handicapped subsequently, owing to the forcible retirement rules.

THE *Overland Mail* makes an assertion as to the strength of the Irish vote in England, which seems almost incredible:—

In attempting to judge of the true proportions of Irish discontent and disloyalty it must not be forgotten that, in addition to the disastrous results to which these have led in Ireland itself, and to the deplorable incidents to which they have given rise in the House of Commons, their influence on the electorate constituencies of England is of a most "grave and alarming character." The number of Irish who possess the franchise in England now exceeds 1,000,000, whose vote, it may with certainty be anticipated, will for the future always be given with the view of embarrassing or of subverting the Government (of whatever party) which is for the time being charged with the maintenance of law and order in Ireland. The Irish vote may thus in the course of time obtain a dominating influence in the House of Commons. It seems indeed probable that it may not be long before the country is afforded an opportunity of judging of the extent of embarrassment which the Irish vote. All moderate Liberals are waiting with anxiety for a disclosure of the measures which Mr. Gladstone will propose for the cessation of Parliamentary procedure. It is believed that if the Prime Minister's personal wishes were alone consulted on this head, these measures would be by no means of a drastic nature. Mr. Gladstone, who is now far advanced in years, and on whom the toils of the last session have told severely, is credited with a wish to avoid introducing any Bill which would rouse the hostility of the moderate Liberals, lead to the defeat of the Government, and ultimately result in the dissolution of Parliament. But it is declared that Lord Hartington insists on the necessity of redeeming the pledges given by himself, the Prime Minister, and other Cabinet Ministers for the reform of Parliamentary procedure by the introduction of a Bill for the enforcement of the *closure* in Parliamentary debate. Such a Bill, which would revolutionise the entire system of Parliament and practically stifle the minority, would to a certainty be thrown out, the Irish as a matter of course voting against the Ministry. In the ordinary course of events the Conservatives would then have to take office, and being thus compelled by the necessities of the situation to adopt severe measures of coercion with regard to Ireland, they would at once lose the whole of the Irish vote that had brought them into office, would in their turn be defeated, and thus render an appeal to the constituencies, numbering in their midst four million Irish voters, practically unavoidable. The result of such an election it is impossible to foresee; but whichever party came into power, it is not difficult to understand that the necessity of conciliating the Irish vote would be an all-important factor in all its measures.

IN a German work, published in 1878, dealing exhaustively with conflagrations in theathres, *Truth* finds the following not uninteresting details concerning this ominous topic:—Since 1610, no fewer than five hundred and twenty-three theatres have been burnt down in the old and new world, four hundred and sixty disasters of this kind having taken place within the last hundred years (up to 1878), while from 1871-8 the average rate was thirteen theatres per annum.

MILITARY CHANGES.

D. Battery B. Brigade R. H. A. has been ordered to move from Mhow to Kirkee to take the place of E. B. R. H. A., proceeded to Bangalore.

No. 2 Mountain Battery, which marched from Poona *en route* to Rajkot on the morning of the 16th instant, has been recalled to Poona, where it is to remain.

Another change has been made in the Aden reliefs. The Jumna, which is due at Bombay on the 18th February, takes from here to Aden the 1st Battalion Seaforth Highlanders, and Nos. 10 and 14 Batteries 9th Brigade; then, after embarking at that port the 1st Battalion Wiltshire Regiment, and Nos. 11, 13, and 16 Batteries 8th Brigade, the Jumna returns to Bombay for a number of time-expired men from Bengal; and sails for England on the 16th March. This unusual arrangement of taking troops from Aden *vid* Bombay to England has been made in consequence of the operation of the quarantine regulations at Suez.

The troops to embark for England in the Crocodile, which sails from Bombay on the 2nd proximo, are the following:—1st Battalion Dorsetshire Regiment; A. R., and C. Batteries B. Brigade R. H. A., and No. 19 battery 8th Brigade R.A.

The Orontes is expected at Bombay from the Cape of Good Hope about the 22nd instant. She brings the 2nd Battalion Royal Scots and the 2nd Battalion Wiltshire Regiment. The former goes to Secunderabad, and the latter to Rawul Pindi.

THE PRESS ON THE MANDALAY REMONSTRANCE.

THE *Englishman* is not satisfied with the remonstrance that has been sent to Mandalay:—"It must strike every one acquainted with the character of the Court of Burma and with the past course of our relations with the infatuated and imbecile creature who disgraces the name of king there, that the remonstrance just forwarded by the Viceroy to Ava is an instance of good intentions something worse than thrown away. Courteous parley with such a monster as this king would, under any circumstances, be degrading to the British Crown, but the actual circumstances are such that to protest at all, except with the determination to enforce the protest, was to court insult of a kind which no great Power can submit to without serious loss of prestige. Not only, however, is there no indication in the remonstrance itself, or in the circumstances of the hour, that the Government of India is prepared to enforce its protest, but the King is virtually advised that he may disregard that protest with impunity. The penalty held out is simply the diminution of a friendship which has long since ceased to exist, along with a responsibility which the King will probably be rather proud to accept than otherwise. What does this drunken satyr care for the friendship of England, as long as he has no reason to fear her enmity, or for the blame of forfeiting what his actions show him to despise? Either no remonstrance should have been sent at all, or the remonstrance sent should have been an ultimatum so worded as to leave no room for doubt that the extremest measures would follow disregard of it. Silence would have been at least dignified, and even if the penalty of silence were greater than it is, the chance of averting it by vacuous threatenings was so infinitesimally small as to furnish no justification for inviting further humiliation."

On the same subject, the *Pioneer* writes:—"Had the remonstrance sent by Mr. Bernard breathed less of conciliation, and had no preposterous reference been made to the 'friendship' existing between the two countries, the effort to set commercial matters on a better footing would have been all that the Rangoon merchants could legitimately ask for, and would not have compromised the dignity of the Indian Government. It might have proved successful; and if it failed, no great harm would have been done. The Government, however, has entirely ignored the circumstances under which its intercourse with Burma was broken off; and the tone of its remonstrance is far more likely to encourage Mandalay politicians in further outrages than to make them desire the renewed intercourse which might follow on unimpeded trade."

The *Indian Daily News* further says:—"Reviewing all the circumstances (of our previous relations with King Theebaw), and regarding the essential weakness of Mr. Bernard's latest remonstrance, we cannot but say that the relations of the two countries ought rather to worsen than improve; and that for the result which has been arrived at, and which to-day appears to leave open no road of escape save that of war, the Government of India is mainly responsible. It has proceeded in its relations with Mandalay on a system not only incapable of giving offence, but jealous of expressing its own purposes, and jealous of describing in plain and honest terms the inevitable consequences of the conduct of the Burmese. It cannot, therefore, now escape from the responsibility attaching to the excessive restraint it has placed upon itself, nor can it avoid the responsibility for the misconception of its motives and its purposes shown by the ministry at Mandalay. We do not anticipate any particular effect will result from Mr. Bernard's remonstrance. If any effect be produced by that document, it will be rather the effect of the Viceroy's visit and speech followed by the visit of such a soldier as Sir F. Roberts, rather than any consciousness that Mr. Bernard's letter indicates a change of policy, from forbearance to action, on the part of the Government of India."

A COMPLAINT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—For some time past the residents about Hummum-street, Dean-lane, and Church-lane have been complaining, both to the Municipality, and through, I believe, the Superintendent of the Central Press, of the nuisance (leaving out the noise and unsightly dress of the men both in the mornings and evenings) caused by a number of sepoys of the Secretariat, and their wives, living in a range of out-houses in the old Secretariat compound. I do not think that there is a more fitting opportunity than the present time to bring this to the notice of the Government and Municipal officials. The wives of the sepoys are constantly throwing dirty water, rotten fish, and other offensive rubbish on to the public streets facing the different houses occupied by families, and the smells arising are annoying, and must be injurious, not only to the residents, but to passers also. I would ask some official to walk the lanes referred to on a Sunday evening towards the Cathedral, and judge for themselves. It is a pity and a shame for any Government to place a number of native menials in the centre of the principal part of the Fort, surrounded by European families. Is there no place about Lower Colaba or Mody Bay to suit the convenience of these men?

Jan. 17. PRO BONO PUBLICO.

THE CHAIRMANSHIP OF THE CORPORATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—At the meeting of the Municipal Corporation held on Monday last for the election of a Chairman, I advised the meeting not to elect a Government official, who might be placed in a delicate position in case of an equal division in a matter affecting the Government on one hand and the Corporation on the other, and I referred to the case of the late Mr. John Connon, the then Chairman of the Bench of Justices, leaving the chair and declining to give his casting vote on an important question in which the Division had resolved in a tie. Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee interrupted me and, contradicting me, said, "It was not on such a question that Mr. Connon left the chair. A remark disrespectful to Mr. Connon was made, and he left the chair on that account." Mr. Hormusjee Dadabhoy and Sir Frank Souter corroborated this statement. I have now had the opportunity of referring to the proceedings of the Bench meeting, reported in the *Times of India* of the 28th August, 1871, and I find that I was substantially correct in my statement, and the gentlemen who contradicted me were wrong. As to the list report to which I refer, the first from the Accountant was the consideration subject of the introduction of a ant-General's department audit of the accounts of the Municipality." Mr. Sorabjee Shapoorjee Bengalee proposed that "the offer be accepted with thanks." After an animated debate on the question, a poll was demanded and taken, which resulted in a tie. The Chairman, Mr. Connon, said "he had the right of giving a deliberative as well as a casting vote, but should not vote at all on this occasion, that is, let things alone; he would not interfere with the existing arrangements." Although his attention was drawn to the law, which enjoined that the Chairman "shall have a second or casting vote in all cases of equality of votes," and the late lamented Captain Henry pointed out the necessity of giving an answer to Government, Mr. Connon said, "Yes; we can tell them what has happened!"—a declaration which provoked the laughter of the Justices—and from first to last he adhered to his determination not to give his casting vote. The newspaper report of the day will convince the public that no remark disrespectful to Mr. Connon was made by any Justice on that occasion, as alleged by Mr. Dosabhoy, Sir Frank Souter, and Mr. Hormusjee Dadabhoy. The result was, the question was left undecided.—Yours, &c.,

NOWROZJEE FURDOONJEE.

Jan. 18.

**.* We have seen the printed report of the debate in question. There is nothing to show that the Chairman was affronted, or complained of any disrespect. But he positively declared to give a casting vote, alleging that although the Act gave him one, he was under no legal obligation to exercise his right.—ED., *B. G.*

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Governor's Band Esplanade Bandstand, evening.
Bombay Gymkhana Ladies, afternoon—B. V. R. Band.
Band, B. V. R. Corps, Apollo-bunder, evening.
Gaiety Theatre, 9 p.m. (Bombay time.)
Divine service, St. Thomas' Cathedral, 8-45 p. m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived yesterday:—Swift Sure (s), Port Said.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday:—Queen of the Age, Bellosore: Carmona (s), Armenia (s), Liverpool; Ethiopia (s), Cutch; Elpis (s), Antwerp.

MUSIC AT THE GYMKHANA.—The following programme of music will be played by the band of the Bombay Volunteer Rifles at the Gymkhana, this evening:—

March.....	Ungarn und Brandenburg	Lewengly.
Overture	The Opera of La Magon	Auber.
Finale	(Second act) Beliasario	Donizetti.
Valse	Tout a vous	E. Waldteufel.
Quadrille	Soubrette	Coote.
Galop	Le Postillon	Zabel.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

THE GOVERNOR'S BAND AT THE ESPLANADE BANDSTAND.—H. E. the Governor's Band will perform this (Thursday) evening at the Esplanade at 6 p. m. (Madras Time). We are asked to state that the Governor's Band will play at the Esplanade Bandstand every Thursday evening till further notice. The following is the programme for this evening:—

Quadrille	Light of London	Coote.
Overture	Light Cavalry	Suppé.
Selection	I Lombardi	Verdi.
Potpourri	Stradella	Flotow.
Valse	Olivia	Marriott.
Polka Mazurka	Teresina	Faust.

A DISHONEST SERVANT.—Shunker Moorar, a cook, was yesterday convicted by Mr. Dossabhoy Framjee of stealing a quantity of sugar, valued at Rs. 2-4, from his master, a Mr. Fido. He was sentenced to six weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

THEFT.—Jalloo, woman, a notoriously bad character, was yesterday convicted by Mr. Dossabhoy Framjee of stealing a pair of silver armlets, valued at Rs. 4 8. from the residence of Rama Balloo at Walkeshwar. She was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment.

MAKING A FALSE DECLARATION OF GOODS.—Essoofally Adamjee and six other petty traders were yesterday convicted by Mr. Dossabhoy Framjee of making a false declaration of goods for despatch by the G. I. P. Railway from the Wari Bunder Station, and were fined in sums varying from Rs. 8 to Rs. 25.

SASSOON MECHANIC'S INSTITUTE.—The first lecture in connection with the Sassoon Mechanic's Institute for the season 1881-82 will be delivered at the rooms of the Institute on Monday the 23rd instant at 6 p. m. Bombay time by Mr. Jivanji Jamshedji. Subject:—"Atmospheric pressure", with experiments. The lecture is one to the public.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A Coroner's inquest was held yesterday at the J. J. Hospital on the body of a Hindoo boy, aged six years, named Luxmon, who died from injuries sustained by his having been accidentally run over by a bullock cart on the Chinch Bunder Road that forenoon. A verdict of accidental death was recorded.

MOVEMENTS OF TROOPS.—The I. G. Steamer Amberwitch, Captain W. Powell, will sail for the Persian Gulf, on the 21st instant, with a detachment of the 21st Regiment N. I. consisting of 3 native officers, 158 men, and 4 followers. She will bring to Bombay from the same ports a detachment of the same Regiment, consisting of 2 native officers, 152 men, and 3 followers.

LADY FERGUSSON'S GRAVE.—A polished teakwood cross bearing the following inscription OLIVE, R. I. P., has been fixed at the head of the grave of Lady Fergusson in Sewree Cemetery, as a temporary measure. The plan specification of the intended monument in memory of Lady Fergusson is in course of construction by the well known firm of P. Hamilton and Co., Undertakers and Sculptors, of this city.

ALLEGED CHEATING.—Yesterday, at the Fort Police Court, Hirjee Hunsraj appeared before Mr. W. Webb to answer a charge of cheating and criminal breach of trust preferred against him by Abdool Raymon Oosman in respect of sundry papers and documents. His Worship, after hearing the circumstances of the case, referred the complainant to a civil court, and ordered him to pay Rs. 15 to the defendant as compensation.

CASTE IN GOA.—A marriage between Pedro Joaquim Pelegrino da Costa, of the *Sudra* caste, with the daughter of Sebastian Jose de Noronha, a *Brahmin*, both belonging to the principal families in Salsette (Goa), is considered by the public to be a practical step towards the extinction of castes among the Christian Goanese, for which object an association has already been formed containing many leading members of all the castes.

WRECK OF A NATIVE BOAT.—A native boat in charge of a Nacoda named Tar Mahomed, belonging to Damoodhur Tahersey, and laden with a general cargo, ran aground and became a total wreck off the outer light ship at 4 o'clock yesterday morning. The crew of the vessel, numbering about thirteen persons, and her passengers, about seventeen, were rescued by some fishing boats that went over to render assistance to the disabled vessel.

STRIKE OF BAKERS AT GOA.—The Municipal Chamber of Bardez (Goa), attending to the cheapness of wheat, fixed a rate for the sale of bread; whereupon a combination was formed among the bakers, who closed their establishments, and for three days not a single loaf of bread was procurable throughout the whole province. The bakers after two unsuccessful memorials to the Chamber gave in, but have addressed a payer to the Government to allow them to sell bread at the old rate.

PRINCE'S DOCK ACCIDENTS.—Rutnoo Bajee, a labourer employed on board the S. S. "Armenia," while at work in the hold had his right ankle crushed by a bag of wheat falling upon it from a sling. He was conveyed to the G. T. Hospital where he is under treatment. Mahomed Sallea, a labourer, while employed on board the S. S. "Carmona," had several fingers of the right hand torn off by getting it caught in a guy. He was conveyed to the G. T. Hospital where he is under treatment.

ST. MARY'S INSTITUTION POONA.—The re-opening of St. Mary's Institution last Monday proved to be a *gala* day with the young ladies and children attending that Institution. All the pupils met after the Christmas vacation to reaume their studies, but they were surprised when they were dismissed after a short time, and told to come at 4 o'clock in the evening, to participate in their Christmas *fete*. Accordingly, there was a very pleasant gathering of the young ladies and little boys, who enjoyed themselves immensely. Sister Geraldine, the Head Mistress, was unable to be present, but Sisters Laura and Thereza, with the aid of their pupil-teachers, carried out the programme satisfactorily. The Bands of H. M's 2-15th East Yorkshire Regiment and 16th Regiment N. I. were in attendance, and contributed largely to the pleasures of the evening. There were the usual merry-go-rounds and other sports provided for the delectation of the young, and the tea-table was temptingly covered with the dainties of the season. Major Rowlandson again sustained the character of old Father Christmas admirably, and every young lady and little boy, not even omitting the pupil-teachers, aye, and the Drill Instructor, received some gift, some souvenir, from the hands of old Father Christmas. The children, who were well cared for, returned home in high glee.—*Deccan Herald.*

VOLUNTEER PRIZE SHOOTING.

SOME prizes were shot for by the members of B. Coy. B. V. R. on Monday, Tuesday, and yesterday mornings on the Coorla range. The following were the prize winners:—

MATCH I.—200, 600, and 800 yards; regulation positions; seven shots at each distance; one sighting shot at each distance; h. p. s. 84.

	Score.	Prize.
1st.—Pte. J. Fido	... 64	Rs. 60
2nd.—Serjt. Graves	... 59	„ 40
3rd.—Corpl. Cumming	... 56	„ 20
4th.—Pte. Robinson	... 55	„ 15
5th.—Sergt. Hall	... 52	„ 10

MATCH II.—For Recruits, *i. e.*, those who have joined the corps since last inspection; distances 200, 500, and 500 yards; regulation positions; seven shots at each distance; one sighting shot at each distance h., p. s. 84.

	Score.	Prize.
1st.—Pte. Jones	... 44	Rs. 30
2nd. „ Paul	... 42	„ 15
3rd. „ Parsons,	... 35	„ 10

SMALL CAUSES COURT—16TH ...

...PUTRAO BHASKER, Fourth Judge.)

A POINT OF LAW.

FRAMJEE BOMANJEE *vs.* CURSETJEE BURJORJEE.

THE plaintiff sought to recover the sum of Rs. 600, as administrator to his wife's estate. Mr. Sergeant Atkinson, instructed by Mr. Hormusjee Bomanjee Dadabhoy, pleader, appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. Payne, (Messrs. Payne and Gilbert) for the defendant. It appeared that a previous suit in respect of the same claim was heard some time since, when the testatrix was co-plaintiff with her husband against the defendant and Mr. Sergeant Atkinson proposed under section 33 of the Evidence Act, to put in the notes of her evidence taken by the Judge in the previous action, in the present suit. Mr. Payne objected on the ground that the Judges of the Small Causes Court are bound to take down the depositions of witnesses. The notes of evidence are simply intended for the Judges' own guidance, and it might be that the Fourth Judge, who heard the first action, made a memorandum of only portions of the evidence given by the witnesses, and omitted to record the rest, under the belief that it had no material bearing; but on a further investigation of the case the very portions omitted from the notes might turn out to be of the utmost importance to the defendant.

Mr. Sergeant Atkinson relied on the practice of the court and the provisions of sec. 33 of the Evidence Act. He offered to call the Judge's clerk, and to produce the original notes of evidence, as well as the copy furnished to the plaintiff.

JANUARY 17.

(Before Mr. SPENCER, Second Judge.)

ACTION ON A PROMISSORY NOTE.

PUNA RUPA *vs.* BHIKAJI AND OTHERS.

Mr. Atmaram pleader appeard for the plaintiff; and Mr. Rustomjee, Pleader, for the first two defendants, and Mr. D. D. Davur, Barrister, for the third defendant, Aimee, the mother of the plaintiff.

This was a suit brought to recover Rs. 500 being the amount advanced on a promissory note executed by the first defendant and signed as surety by the third defendant. Mr. Rustomjee contended that his clients were married before 1865, and that the wife had incurred debts without her husband's authority, and as Bhikaji, had no property of his own, his client's name should be struck off the proceedings.

The Court acquiescing in the proposition, the names of the first and second defendants were struck out.

Mr. Davur raised the plea on behalf of his client (the third defendant) that at the time she affixed her signature to the note, and signed as surety to the promissory note a past consideration, but that it was executed without the previous consent of his client who was in a sense compelled to countersign it in order to save the reputation of her family. His Honour, nevertheless, held that Mr. Davur's client was responsible for the amount sued upon, on the ground that the Marwari had declined to advance anything without the mother's guarantee.

The Court entered a verdict for the plaintiff as against the third defendant.

Mr. Payne contended that the testimony tendered was inadmissible, in as much the requirements of Sec. 80 of the Evidence Act had not been complied with. The notes had not been signed, and the Judge had no power to sign them now.

After a long argument, His Honor said that, as at present advised, he was inclined to agree with Mr. Payne. He was not in a position to decide the point then, however but reserved it for the trial of the case, reserving his decision to a future date. Both Mr. Sergeant Atkinson and Mr. Payne pointed out the inconvenience of such a procedure, because if the Judge's decision were adverse to the plaintiff on the preliminary point raised, the whole of the evidence which the parties had to adduce would be useless.

The Judge intimated that he would consult His Honour the First Judge on the point and give his decision at a future date.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use The Mexican Hair Renewer, "for it *will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair* to its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots, where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemist for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers every where at 3s. 6d per bottle. Sold wholesale by the Anglo American Drug Co., Limited, 33, Farringdon-road, London.

ELLWOOD'S PUNJAB HAT.

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A New Soft Felt Double Hat.
Can be worn doubly or singly.

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"So cunningly devised that the outer one fits on to the inner one in such a manner as to entirely conceal the duplicate and yet not so closely prevent a very free access of air between the two."—*Morning Post*, March 3, 1881.

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With perfect Air-Chamber.
Similar advantages to the celebrated

ELLWOOD HELMETS.

ELLWOOD'S PUNJAB HAT.
CAUTION.—Purchasers must see name of makers, "ELLWOOD'S," and Trade Mark (Lion rampant) in each hat.

A SINGULAR APPEAL CASE.

IN the Court of Appeal on November 24th the case of *Grant versus Holland* was heard before Lord Justice Brett, Lord Justice Cotton and Lord Justice Lindley. The plaintiff, Colonel Grant, brought an action against the defendant, Colonel Holland, C.B., son of the Chairman of the Board of Directors of the G. I. P. Railway, to recover £9,000 on the ground that he was induced by the statements of the defendant to assume a joint liability, with five or six others, to that extent. The plaintiff alleged at the hearing of the case, two years ago, that the defendant made certain untrue statements to the effect that a mining company, the Board of which plaintiff joined, was solvent in the sense that if it had been wound up in October, 1875, it could have paid its debts; and that the company was making a profit of £2,000 a month, out of which the liabilities of the directors for the personal guarantee they had given would be cleared off. As will be seen from the extracts from the judgment given below their Lordships considered the statements made by Colonel Holland were innocent assertions expressing views held at that time by himself and several connected with the company; that not a single blemish could be found in his character, whilst the career of the plaintiff was by no means a faultless one. We extract the following from the report of the judgment delivered in the Court of Appeal last month:—

Lord Justice Brett, in giving judgment, said:—With regard to the first statement the defendant is alleged to have made there is, as I have said, no evidence on which any judge or jury could place any reliance to show that this statement was made at all; but if it had been, it was, I believe, a simple expression of Colonel Holland's honest opinion at the time,—indeed he says in his evidence, that it was so; though he adds, he never was asked such a question by the plaintiff at any time, and every one of the other six directors of the company who were all present on this occasion, and who have all been called as witnesses, express the same opinion. The actual sale of this company's mines did not take place till eighteen months after, and then they did not realize enough to pay the liabilities of the company; but this does not show that they might not have done so, when the alleged statement is said to have been made, especially when it is remembered that between October, 1875, and June, 1877, when the coal mines of the company were sold, there had been a great fall in the value of colliery property. The fact of the insolvency itself of this Company in October, 1875, has not been proved, and if it was, there is not a vestige of evidence to prove that the defendant could have known it; on the contrary, there is everything to show that the defendant and everyone else connected with the Company thought at that time otherwise. There is certainly the evidence of an accountant, made from an examination of the books five years after, but that evidence is not conclusive at all, on the fact of whether the Company was insolvent in October, 1875. I cannot see anything in that evidence of the accountant, which would make it in any way unreasonable for the jury to say that in their view at that time the Company was solvent, but I say again for myself, as I said before, I care not to enquire into that, because the cardinal point to my mind is this, that having the valuations of two capable, honest and independent surveyors before him, as to the supposed value of the mines at that time, there is nothing which would force a jury to say (and I repeat, that I go further and I still think that there is nothing in the evidence at either of these trials which could in any way even justify a careful jury in saying), that Colonel Holland at the time he made that statement, if he made it at all, was not saying what he had every reason for honestly believing to be absolutely true. I say that, in what I consider to be justice to Colonel Holland, I do not see how he could, as an honourable man, have spoken or acted otherwise than he did. An attack has in this case been made on him for which there is no foundation whatever, and after a most careful examination into all that took place, with the evidence of every one who was present at any of the interviews, not only has it not been proved, that he made any of the allegations in the sense attributed to them, but beyond this, it is clear, that if he had made them, they would have been innocent assertions expressing views held at that time, by himself and several others connected with this Company. In justice again to Colonel Holland, I am bound to say, that though he was apparently most critically cross-examined during this trial, as to his past life, his conduct for the past thirty years, having been scrutinized with the most pertinacious eagerness, in order to find out any sort of objection to him; the result is that not a single blemish could be found in his character; and this is saying a great deal, when it is remembered that his career has been no ordinary one, he having distinguished himself highly in a most distinguished service in very critical times, and having reached as a young man a position very few have attained during a whole life time. It is no ordinary honour to be made a Commander of the Bath, and yet this high distinction was evidently bestowed upon him by Her Majesty when he was quite a young man, for services recorded and appreciated at the time all over the civilized world. On leaving the honorable service in which he attained such distinction he apparently entered commercial pursuits, and the result of the enquiry instituted into his conduct, here shows that he emerged from his commercial associations with as clear and stainless a character as he entered upon them; in fact, as Mr. Justice Stephen said, his character is decidedly a high one, and this double case of this kind, especially when it was by no means a character of, it was a pity that this question of character was not gone into at the first trial. It seems to me that this case now comes to this, that upon the evidence of that secretary convicted of falsehood before this very jury, and on his evidence alone corroborated partially by the plaintiff, the most interested person in the whole case, and in the face of all the other evidences we are asked to say that it was unreasonable for a jury to find a verdict for the defendant, and that the opinion of the learned judge who tried the case and who acquiesced in the verdict was wrong, as well as the opinion of three judges who heard the case argued before them; and this Court is now asked to set aside all their opinions, as well as its own expressed in no doubtful terms two years ago, and to say that this was so unreasonable a verdict that it cannot stand. I wholly decline to be a party to such a proceeding, and in my opinion not only I connot say this verdict was wrong, but I do say it was absolutely and incontestibly right.

Lord Justice Cotton, in giving judgment, said:—I am of the same opinion. The question we have to consider is this, not whether there ought to be on the evidence before us, in our opinion, a verdict one way or the other, but whether the conclusion at which the jury have arrived on this evidence is so unreasonable that it ought not to stand. With regard to the solvency of the company, without taking the evidence on the one side or the other, there is a statement to the effect that the Company was solvent, but that if it was wound up, the assets, if realized, would be sufficient to pay the liabilities. This is the statement which is said to have been made by Colonel Holland, but in order to sustain the case of the plaintiff it was not only necessary to show that that statement was made, which has not been done, but that to the knowledge of Colonel Holland he was not justified in making that statement, and this certainly has not been done. On the former occasion we held that there was no evidence of the state of the Company at that time, except such as could be obtained from the result of the winding up, and

th having deserted his regiment. To questions
by the court complainant stated that he had
ested the accused on his own confession on Satur-
y last. The accused, it appears, had told him that
belonged to a detachment of the Royal North-
ptonshire Regiment, the late 58th stationed at
Mauritius, and that he had deserted from there,
s worship enquired whether the Sergeant
ntified the accused, and was answered in the
ative. The accused, however, mentioned that
re were some old soldiers belonging to the
arwickshire Regiment, who would be able to
ognise him, as the Royal Northamptonshir
giment had been stationed some years ago with
e Warwickshire Regiment at Dover. His worship
journed the case till for further evidence re-
anding the defendant in the meantime to the
ckup.—*Indian Daily News.*

MR. O'DONNELL'S CASE.

It is a great pity that the case of Mr. C. J. O'Don-
ll has not been settled, and a still greater pity
at the papers relating to the case have not been
ced before the public. In matters of this kind
o things ought to be avoided, delay in settling
e case, and the withholding of the whole of the
rre-pondence dealing with the matter. There i
o much danger always of such a case becoming
rsonal, and this danger has been exemplified in a
arked degree, by the action of the Bengal Govern-
ent towards Mr. O'Donnell, and by the defence
hich the public are beginning to see he has put
ward. It would be very difficult now to shake the
lief in the public mind that Sir Ashley Eden has
ted injudiciously, and with a great want of self-
straint, but this only makes it the more desirable
at the Government of India should deal
ith the matter judicially, so as to vindicate
e duties of public servants, if such vindication be
cessary; or to do justice to Mr. O'Donnell
he have been treated harshly.

We are drawn to the conclusion that he has been
rged of incompetency on insufficient grounds.
he matter is one of very considerable public in-
rest; for it raises a question of the relations be-
ween the Magistrate of a District and his Subordi-
ates, and would appear to amount to mutual accu-
tions, on the part of the magistrate and Joint
agistrate of Jessore. Certainly Mr. O'Donnell makes
n a record of judicial work it would be difficult to
rpass, and which would go a long way to prove
at he was a careful and painstaking officer, deserv-
g of promotion rather than of a reduction in rank.
he more of this case that becomes known, the
ore cause there is for regret that it should ever
ave been taken up by Sir Ashley Eden in his now
notous judgment against Mr. O'Donnell. At the
me time it is desirable that the case should be set-
d, one way or the other, as early as possible. Mr.
Donnell has been gazetted as having received a
ant of fulough for 10 months, and Sir Ashley
den has not more than that time to
erve. If the case be not settled in India
e must inevitably go home, where it will create all
orts of bad impressions, and cause a great deal of
ouble. At the same time we can understand the
fficulty in which the Government of India is
aced. Practically its judgment, if adverse to Mr.
Donnell, is liable to appeal, and this would affect
s dignity. If it should not convict Mr. O'Donnell,
s decision must necessarily involve a censure of
e Lieutenant-Governor. Still as the matter is one
ffecting large public interests, and in which a very
neral impression has been caused throughout
dia, we have devoted to it more space than we
ould have done, were it an ordinary case involv-
g a censure by the executive upon an individual
ficer. We would hope that the Government of
dia will take an early opportunity of publishing
e whole of the papers so as to enable the public
th here and in England to form their own
dgment upon a case which has attracted a very
rge share of attention.—*Indian Daily News.*

MADRAS.

Mr. BUCK.—The P. and O. steamer Ancona will
ing this gentleman from Calcutta in a few days
an official visit to Madras, where he will be the
est of His Excellency the Governor.—*Times.*

CHOLERA.—A man by the name of Darlington, a
sident of Perambore, was admitted into the con-
gious wards of the General Hospital on Saturday
rning, attacked with cholera. At the time of
mission he was in a state of collapse, the
mptoms of the disease having begun the previous
ening. He expired in hospital four hours after
mission.—*Mail.*

AFFRAY.—There was a serious disturbance at
Changa Bazaar, Black Town, this morning (16th
nuary). Several men were hurt, five very seri-
s, who were conveyed to hospital. The dispute
s between the lamp-lighters. One Moonoosamy
ddly obtained the contract this year, and the
mer lamp-lighters refused to serve him, as his
ms of payment were not liberal. He then engag-
new men, but found them unable to do the
k. He yesterday sent for the old lamp-lighters,
o fair promises engaged their services, which
e formerly employed objected to. Hence the
disturbance.—*Mail.*

THE FIRING OF SALUTES.—Owing to an acci-
nt which occurred at Fort Govindghur, in
ring of a salute from cast iron guns, by
ich two men were seriously, and one slightly
ured, the Commander-in-Chief has ordered the
blication of an extract from a General Regimental
der, which directs that, as a general rule, no
ore is to be fired from heavy ordnance with less
an guns, with an interval of 12 seconds; if,
wever, under exceptional circumstances, less
an ten guns are used, a longer interval must be
ed between the discharges, so that under no
ss than two minutes. 21 can be fired (twice
nts for all other guns.—*Mail.*

OUTBREAK OF CHOLERA ON THE S. S. SCOTRA.—
Latest intelligence regarding this vessel,
the cholera epidemic which unfortunately broke
amongst the batch of convicts being conveyed
her to the Andamans, was received from the port
Vizagapatam on the 11th instant. Two fresh
es had appeared, and amongst the number
ven two proved fatal on that day. No panic had
ired amongst the convicts, who were cheerful,
no cases amongst the sepoys or crew were
orted, the disease being confined to the convicts
e. The Government of India have called for a
report of the whole matter, the meagre des-
ches of the Port Officer on the subbject being, in
r opinion, unsatisfactory.—*Times.*

CAUTION TO QUACK DOCTORS.—At the last Cri-
al Sessions held at Cuddapah, one Mantrapam-
Pongayalah was put upon his trial, charged in
separate cases with having caused death by a
ack. In the first case, it appeared that the
ased was suffering from disease from the heart.
ccused was called in to treat him, and he adminis-
ed a dose of medicine in the morning, and in the
ning of the same day, the patient died. In the
ond case, it was the opinion of the medical
ess that deceased was suffering from worms.
e patient expired within twelve hours after taking
medicine prescribed. One of the witnesses in
s case stated that he went for the prisoner, when
sufferings of the dying man became very great,
d the prisoner said, "if he lives, I will come to-
row morning and see him, if not, throw him into
river." Prisoner admitted having used arsenic
the preparation of the medicines, and the
emical Examiner's report showed that the quan-
y of arsenic in the first case was 2/200 part of a
in, and in the second 4/100 part. The Court found
prisoner guilty, and sentenced him to undergo
e years' rigorous imprisonment.—*Mail.*

N.-W. PROVINCES, PUNJAB, AND OUDH.

NEW RAILWAY.—Colonel Medley inspected the
ora extension of the Salt Branch of the Punjab
rthern State Railway last Friday. Owing to the
vy fall of rain, the opening of the section has
n postponed. But, probably, the opening may
ke place on or about the 1st February, that is, if
me unforeseen circumstance does not occur to
vent it.—*Civil and Military Gazette.*

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